



RF Exposure Evaluation

Limits

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

| Frequency range (MHz) | Electric field strength (V/m) | Magnetic field strength (A/m) | Power density (mW/cm ²) | Averaging time (minutes) |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| (A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures | | | | |
| 0.3–3.0 | 614 | 1.63 | *(100) | 6 |
| 3.0–30 | 1842/f | 4.89/f | *(900/f ²) | 6 |
| 30–300 | 61.4 | 0.163 | 1.0 | 6 |
| 300–1500 | | | f/300 | 6 |
| 1500–100,000 | | | 5 | 6 |
| (B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure | | | | |
| 0.3–1.34 | 614 | 1.63 | *(100) | 30 |
| 1.34–30 | 824/f | 2.19/f | *(180/f ²) | 30 |
| 30–300 | 27.5 | 0.073 | 0.2 | 30 |
| 300–1500 | | | f/1500 | 30 |
| 1500–100,000 | | | 1.0 | 30 |

f = frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula: $Pd = (Pout * G) / (4 * \pi * r^2)$

Where

Pd = power density in mW/cm², **Pout** = output power to antenna in mW;

G = gain of antenna in linear scale, **Pi** = 3.1416;

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd is the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

**Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation**

The source of the evaluation data results is based on the test report ET-24122050E01/02/03

2.4G WIFI Antenna gain=-1.82dBi BT Antenna gain=-0.48dBi 5G WIFI Antenna gain=2.22dBi

FOR BLE

| Mode | Output power (dBm) | Tune-up power (dBm) | Max Tune-up (dBm) | Output power (mW) | Numeric antenna gain | Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²) | Limit (mW/cm ²) | Result |
|------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------|
| GFSK | 3.53 | 3±1 | 4 | 2.51 | 0.90 | 0.0004 | 1.0 | PASS |

FOR 2.4GWIFI

| Mode | Output power (dBm) | Tune-up power (dBm) | Max Tune-up (dBm) | Output power (mW) | Numeric antenna gain | Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²) | Limit (mW/cm ²) | Result |
|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------|
| 802.11b | 14.81 | 15±1 | 16 | 39.81 | 0.66 | 0.0052 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11g | 14.36 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 0.66 | 0.0042 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11n20 | 14.38 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 0.66 | 0.0042 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11n40 | 13.53 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 0.66 | 0.0042 | 1.0 | PASS |

FOR 5GWIFI

| Mode | Output power (dBm) | Tune-up power (dBm) | Max Tune-up (dBm) | Output power (mW) | Numeric antenna gain | Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²) | Limit (mW/cm ²) | Result |
|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------|
| 802.11a | 14.52 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11n20 | 14.59 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11ac20 | 14.48 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11n40 | 13.49 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11ac40 | 13.83 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11ac80 | 12.71 | 13±1 | 14 | 25.12 | 1.67 | 0.0083 | 1.0 | PASS |

FOR 5.8GWIFI

| Mode | Output power (dBm) | Tune-up power (dBm) | Max Tune-up (dBm) | Output power (mW) | Numeric antenna gain | Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm ²) | Limit (mW/cm ²) | Result |
|------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------|
| 802.11a | 14.99 | 15±1 | 16 | 39.81 | 1.67 | 0.0132 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11n20 | 15.04 | 15±1 | 16 | 39.81 | 1.67 | 0.0132 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11ac20 | 14.99 | 15±1 | 16 | 39.81 | 1.67 | 0.0132 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11n40 | 13.85 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11ac40 | 14.38 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |
| 802.11ac80 | 13.27 | 14±1 | 15 | 31.62 | 1.67 | 0.0105 | 1.0 | PASS |

If BT and WIFI work simultaneously

BLE+2.4GWIFI, the total power density is $0.0004/1+0.0052/1=0.0056<1$.

BLE+5GWIFI, the total power density is $0.0004/1+0.0105/1=0.0109<1$.

BLE+5.8GWIFI, the total power density is $0.0004/1+0.0132/1=0.0136<1$.

Maximum power density=0.0136 <1. Then SAR evaluation is not require .