

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

WLAN and Bluetooth module JODY-W2

FCC ID: XPYJODYW263 IC: 8595A-JODYW263

Test Report Reference: MDE_UBLOX_2008_FCC_01

Test Laboratory:

7layers GmbH Borsigstrasse 11 40880 Ratingen Germany





Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

7layers GmbH

Borsigstraße 11 40880 Ratingen, Germany T +49 (0) 2102 749 0 F +49 (0) 2102 749 350 Geschäftsführer/ Managing Directors: Frank Spiller Bernhard Retka Alexandre Norré-Oudard

Registergericht/registered: Düsseldorf HRB 75554 USt-Id.-Nr./VAT-No. DE203159652 Steuer-Nr./TAX-No. 147/5869/0385 a Bureau Veritas Group Company

www.7layers.com



Table of Contents

9	Photo Report	84
8	Measurement Uncertainties	83
7.6	Antenna EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHz – 40 GHz)	82
7.5	Antenna EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHz – 26.5 GHz)	81
7.4	Antenna R&S HF907 (1 GHz – 18 GHz)	80
7.3	Antenna R&S HL562 (30 MHz – 1 GHz)	79
7.2	Antenna R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 kHz – 30 MHz)	78
7.1	LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 kHz - 30 MHz)	77
7	Antenna Factors, Cable Loss and Sample Calculations	77
6	Test Equipment	74
	Number of Hopping Frequencies	71
	Dwell Time	67
5.9	Channel Separation	65
5.8	Band Edge Compliance Radiated	59
5.7	Band Edge Compliance Conducted	50
5.6	Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions	38
5.5	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	31
5.4	Peak Power Output	27
5.3	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)	24
5.2	Occupied Bandwidth (20 dB)	19
5.1	Conducted Emissions at AC Mains	16
5	Test Results	16
4.8	Product labelling	15
4.7	Duty Cycle	15
4.6	Operating Modes / Test Channels	15
4.5	EUT Setups	14
4.4	Auxiliary Equipment	14
4.3	Ancillary Equipment	13
4.1	EUT Main components	13
4 .1	General EUT Description	12
4	Test object Data	12
3.4	Manufacturer Data	11
3.3	Applicant Data	10
3.2	Project Data	10
3.1	Testing Laboratory	10
3	Administrative Data	10
2	Revision History / Signatures	9
1.3	Measurement Summary	5
1.2	FCC-IC Correlation Table	4
1.1	Applied Standards Applied Standards	3
1	Applied Standards and Test Summary	3



1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-19 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

- Part 2, Subpart J Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification
- Part 15, Subpart C Intentional Radiators
- § 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement
- § 15.207 Conducted limits
- § 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements
- § 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz

Note:

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidance for Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission System, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, and Hybrid System Devices Operating under Section 15.247 of the FCC Rules, 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, 2019-04-02". ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.



1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for FHSS (e.g. Bluetooth®) equipment from FCC and IC

FHSS equipment

Measurement	FCC reference	IC reference
Conducted emissions on AC Mains	§ 15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.8
Occupied bandwidth	§ 15.247 (a) (1)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.1 (b)
Peak conducted output power	§ 15.247 (b) (1), (4)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.4 (b)
Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13/8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Transmitter spurious radiated emissions	§ 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a)	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Band edge compliance	§ 15.247 (d)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.5
Dwell time	§ 15.247 (a) (1) (iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.1 (d)
Channel separation	§ 15.247 (a) (1)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.1 (b)
No. of hopping frequencies	§ 15.247 (a) (1) (iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.1 (d)
Hybrid systems (only)	§ 15.247 (f); § 15.247 (e)	RSS-247 Issue 2: 5.3
Antenna requirement	§ 15.203 / 15.204	RSS-Gen Issue 5: 8.3
Receiver spurious emissions	_	-



1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.207			
Conducted Emissions at AC Mains The measurement was performed accordi	ng to ANSI C63.1	0	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Operating mode, Connection to AC mains				
worst case, via ancillary/auxiliary equipment	S02_AK01_AC	2020-12-07	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (a)	(1)		
Occupied Bandwidth (20 dB)				
The measurement was performed accordi	na to ANSI C63.1	0	Final Re	esult
The medal emene was performed assorat				
OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	•			
Bluetooth BDR, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, mid	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, mid	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, mid	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	IC RSS-Gen 8	iC TRC-43;	Ch. 6.7 8	k Ch. 8

Occupio	ed Bar	ndwidth	າ (99%)
Occupi	zu Dai	IUWIUU	I V ノ ノ ノ レ ル

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 Final Result					
OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC	
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency					
Bluetooth BDR, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth BDR, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth BDR, mid	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth EDR 2, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth EDR 2, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth EDR 2, mid	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth EDR 3, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth EDR 3, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	
Bluetooth EDR 3, mid	S02 AB01	2020-08-27	N/A	Performed	



47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15	§ 15.247 (b) (1) (2)
Subpart C §15.247	

Subpart C §15.247				
Peak Power Output				
The measurement was performed accord	ling to ANSI C63.10)	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method				
Bluetooth BDR, high, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, low, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, mid, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, high, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, low, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, mid, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, high, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, low, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, mid, conducted	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15	§ 15.247 (d)			
Subpart C §15.247				
Spurious RF Conducted Emissions				

Final Result The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Bluetooth BDR, high	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, low	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, mid	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, high	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, low	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, mid	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, high	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, low	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, mid	S02_AH01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 § 15.247 (d) **Subpart C §15.247**

Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Bluetooth BDR, high, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AK01	2020-11-23	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, high, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AK01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, low, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AK01	2020-11-23	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, low, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AK01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, mid, 1 GHz - 26 GHz	S01_AK01	2020-11-23	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, mid, 30 MHz - 1 GHz	S01_AK01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, mid, 9 kHz - 30 MHz	S01_AK01	2020-11-25	Passed	Passed

Final Result



47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (d)		
Band Edge Compliance Conducted				_
The measurement was performed accord	ling to ANSI C63	.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Bluetooth BDR, high, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, hopping, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, hopping, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth BDR, low, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, high, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, hopping, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, hopping, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, low, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, high, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, hopping, high	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, hopping, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, low, low	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247 Band Edge Compliance Radiated	§ 15.247 (d)		
The measurement was performed accord	ling to ANSI C63	.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Bluetooth BDR, high, high	S01_AK01	2020-11-23	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 2, high, high	S01_AK01	2020-11-23	Passed	Passed
Bluetooth EDR 3, high, high	S01_AK01	2020-11-23	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15	§ 15.247 (a) (1)		
Subpart C §15.247 Channel Separation				
The measurement was performed accord	ling to ANSI C63	.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode Radio Technology	Setup	Date	FCC	IC
Bluetooth BDR	S02_AB01	2020-08-27	Passed	Passed
47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C §15.247	§ 15.247 (a) (1) (i) (ii) (i	ii)	
Dwell Time The measurement was performed accord	ling to ANSI C63	.10	Final Re	esult
OP-Mode	. .	D-1-	FCC	TC
Radio Technology	Setup	Date	FCC	IC



47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15

§ 15.247 (a) (1) (i) (ii) (iii)

Subpart C §15.247

Number of Hopping Frequencies
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result

OP-Mode
Radio Technology

FCC IC

Bluetooth BDR S02_AB01 2020-08-27 Passed Passed

N/A: Not applicable N/P: Not performed



2 REVISION HISTORY / SIGNATURES

Report version control				
Version	Release date	Change Description	Version validity	
initial	2020-12-21		valid	

COMMENT: -

7 layers GmbH, Borsigstr. 11 40880 Ratingen, Germany Phone +49 (0)2102 749 0

(responsible for accreditation scope) Dipl.-Ing. Daniel Gall

(responsible for testing and report)

B.Sc. Jens Dörwald



3 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

3.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH

Address: Borsigstr. 11

40880 Ratingen

Germany

The test facility is accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-01 | -02 | -03

FCC Designation Number: DE0015

FCC Test Firm Registration: 929146

ISED CAB Identifier DE0007; ISED#: 3699A

Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Daniel Gall

Report Template Version: 2020-06-15

3.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: B.Sc. Jens Dörwald

Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers

Date of Report: 2020-12-21

Testing Period: 2020-08-27 to 2020-12-07

3.3 APPLICANT DATA

Contact Person:

Company Name: u-blox AG

Address: Zürcherstrasse 68

8800 Thalwil Switzerland

Filip Kruzela



3.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: u-blox AG

Address: Zürcherstrasse 68

8800 Thalwil Switzerland

Contact Person: Filip Kruzela



4 TEST OBJECT DATA

4.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device	Host-based module with Wi-Fi and Bluetooth 5.0
product description	
Product name	JODY-W263-01A
Туре	JODY-W263-01A
Declared EUT data by	the supplier
Voltage Type	DC
Voltage Level	1.8 and 3.3 V at Module (voltage is generated on the auxiliary carrier board, which is supplied by SDIO from the computer board for conducted tests or external power supply at 5 or 12 V for radiated tests. For AC conducted emissions the module was supplied directly by a laboratory power supply)
Antenna / Gain	External single band antenna with 2.2 dBi max. gain in the relevant 2.4 GHz ISM band
Tested Modulation Type	BT Classic: GFSK Modulation, DHx packets n/4 DQPSK Modulation, 2-DHx packets 8-DPSK Modulation, 3-DHx packets
Specific product description for the EUT	The EUT is a Bluetooth and WLAN module. In the 2.4 GHz band it supports SISO Mode only. Supported technologies are Bluetooth Classic, Bluetooth Low Energy and WLAN b, g, n, ac Relevant for this report is Bluetooth Classic only.
EUT ports (connected cables during testing):	Enclosure Data DC Power Antenna
Tested datarates	GFSK modulation, 1 Mbit n/4 DQPSK Modulation, 2 Mbit 8-DPSK Modulation, 3 Mbit
Special software used for testing	The test modes were set by the software "labtool" provided by the applicant on an auxiliary computer board.



4.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
EUT ab01	DE1015121ab01	
Sample Parameter	Valu	ıe
Serial No.	E98CCF957A27D640200	
HW Version	00	
SW Version	16.80.205.p164	
Comment		

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description	
EUT ah01	DE1015121ah01		
Sample Parameter		Value	
Serial No.	E98CCF957E012740300		
HW Version	00		
SW Version	16.80.205.p164		
Comment			

Sample Name	Sample Code	Description
EUT ak01	DE1015121ak01	
Sample Parameter		Value
Serial No.	E98CCF957E011080300	
HW Version	00	
SW Version	16.80.205.p164	
Comment		

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

4.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
Antenna 1	Linx, ANT-DB1-RAF-RPS, -, -, -	Dual band antenna used for WLAN
Antenna 2	Linx, ANT-2.4-CW-RCT-RP, -, -, -	Single band antenna for Blutooth in the 2.4 GHz ISM band



4.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, HW, SW, S/N)	Description
AUX2	Toradex, Ixora, V 1.2a, Angstrom v2017.12 Apalis-TK1_console-Image 2.8b5 20200801, 10629806	Board Computer
AUX3	UBLOX, JODY-Carrier Board, Rev. C, -, 10000001756411013002	Carrier Board for module providing ports
AUX6	UBLOX, JODY-Carrier Board , Rev. C, - , 10000001898798003001	Carrier Board for module providing ports
AUX7	UBLOX, JODY-Carrier Board , Rev. C, - , 10000001914323007002	Carrier Board for module providing ports
AUX10	Toradex, Ixora, V 1.2a, Angstrom v2017.12 Apalis-TK1_console-Image 2.8b5 20200801, 10629857	Board Computer
AUX7I1	Agilent, E3631A, -, -, MY40018563	120 V 60 Hz AC laboratory power supply

4.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
S02_AB01	EUT ab01, AUX2, AUX3,	Conducted Setup
S02_AK01	EUT ak01, AUX2, AUX7,	Conducted Setup
S02_AH01	EUT ah01, AUX2, AUX6,	Conducted Setup
S01_AK01	EUT ak01, AUX7, Antenna 1, Antenna 2	Radiated Setup
S02_AK01_AC	EUT ak01, AUX7, AUX7I1, AUX10; Antenna 1, Antenna 2	AC conducted emissions Setup



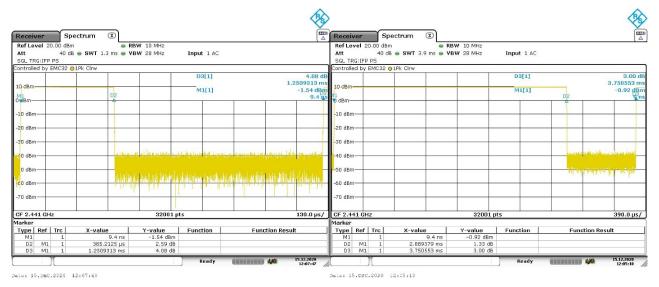
4.6 OPERATING MODES / TEST CHANNELS

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

BT Test Channels: Channel: Frequency [MHz]

2.4 GHz ISM 2400 - 2483.5 MHz							
low	low mid high						
0	39	78					
2402	2441	2480					

4.7 DUTY CYCLE



x-DH1 Packets (31 %)

x-DH5 Packets (77 %)

Duty Cycle measured with DH1 and DH5 packets (GFSK). However, Burst length is independent of modulation type and thus the measured duty cycles are also applicable for 2-DH1, 3-DH1, 2-DH5 and 3-DH5 packets.

4.8 PRODUCT LABELLING

4.8.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4.8.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



5 TEST RESULTS

5.1 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS AT AC MAINS

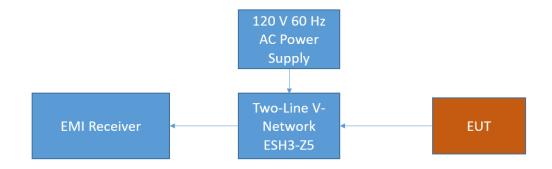
Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C 63.10 The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was setup in a shielded room to perform the conducted emissions measurements in a typical installation configuration. The EUT was powered from $50\mu\text{H}$ || 50 Ohm Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The LISN's unused connections were terminated with 50 Ohm loads.



FCC Conducted Emissions on AC

The measurement procedure consists of two steps. It is implemented into the EMI test software EMC-32 from R&S.

Step 1: Preliminary scan

Intention of this step is, to determine the conducted EMI-profile of the EUT.

EMI receiver settings:

Detector: Peak – Maxhold & AverageFrequency range: 150 kHz – 30 MHz

Frequency steps: 2.5 kHzIF-Bandwidth: 9 kHz

Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)Measurement on phase + neutral lines of the power cords

On basis of this preliminary scan the highest amplitudes and the corresponding frequencies relative to the limit are identified. Emissions above the limit and emissions which are in the 10 dB range below the limit are considered.

Step 2: Final measurement

Intention of this step is, to determine the highest emissions with the settings defined in the test specification for the frequencies identified in step 1. EMI receiver settings:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak & (CISPR) Average



- IF Bandwidth: 9 kHz

- Measuring time: 1 s / frequency

At each frequency determined in step 1, four measurements are performed in the following combinations:

- 1) Neutral lead reference ground (PE grounded)
- 2) Phase lead reference ground (PE grounded)
- 3) Neutral lead reference ground (PE floating)
- 4) Phase lead reference ground (PE floating)

The highest value is reported.

5.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.207

Frequency (MHz)	QP Limits (dBµV)	AV Limits (dBμV)
0.15 - 0.5	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

Used conversion factor: Limit (dB μ V) = 20 log (Limit (μ V)/1 μ V).



5.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Temperature: 22 °C Air Pressure: 994 hPa Humidity: 33 %

Power line	PE	Frequency [MHz]	Measured value QP [dBµV]	Measured value AV [dBµV]	Limit [dBµV]	Margin [dB]
L1	GND	12.005	-	42.0	50.0	8.1
L1	FLO	24.007	-	42.9	50.0	7.2

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Operating mode = worst case, Connection to AC mains = via ancillary/auxiliary equipment

(S02_AK01_AC)

Test Description: Conducted Emissions
Test Standard: FCC §15.207, ANSI C63.10

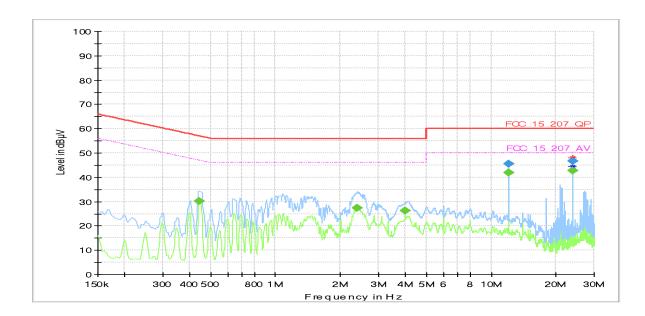
Operating Conditions: 120 V 60 Hz, BT TX DH5 2441 MHz

Legend: Trace: blue = QP, green = CISPR AV; Star: red or blue = critical

frequency; Rhombus: blue = final QP, green = final CISPR AV

Tested Port / used LISN: AC mains => 1st LISN ESH3-Z5

Termination of other ports: N/A, AC of AUX => 2nd LISN ESH3-Z5 +50 Ohm



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	CAverage (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	PE	Corr. (dB)
0.444750		30.04	46.97	16.93	1000.0	9.000	L1	FLO	10.1
2.404500		27.34	46.00	18.66	1000.0	9.000	L1	FLO	10.2
4.002000		26.37	46.00	19.63	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.3
12.005250		41.95	50.00	8.05	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.7
12.005250	45.48		60.00	14.52	1000.0	9.000	L1	GND	10.7
24.006750	46.57		60.00	13.43	1000.0	9.000	L1	FLO	11.2
24.006750		42.85	50.00	7.15	1000.0	9.000	L1	FLO	11.2

5.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted Emissions FCC



5.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (20 DB)

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (widest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

Analyser settings:

• Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1% to 5 % of the OBW

Video Bandwidth (VBW): ≥ 3 x RBW

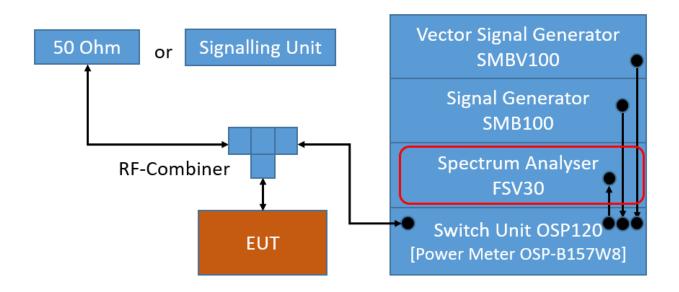
• Span: 2 to 5 times the OBW

Trace: Maxhold

Sweeps: Till stable (min. 1000, max. 30000)

Sweeptime: AutoDetector: Peak

The technology depending measurement parameters can be found in the measurement plot.



TS8997; Channel Bandwidth



5.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)

For the band: 902 - 928 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (i)

The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz

For the band: 5725 - 5850 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (ii)

The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz

For the frequency band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Implication by the test laboratory:

Since the Bluetooth technology defines a fixed channel separation of 1 MHz this design parameter defines the maximum allowed occupied bandwidth depending on the EUT's output power:

1. Under the provision that the system operates with an output power not greater than 125 mW (21.0 dBm):

Implicit Limit: Max. 20 dB BW = 1.0 MHz / 2/3 = 1.5 MHz

2. If the system output power exceeds 125 mW (21.0 dBm):

Implicit Limit: Max. 20 dB BW = 1.0 MHz

Used conversion factor: Output power (dBm) = 10 log (Output power (W) / 1mW)

The measured output power of the system is below 125 mW (21.0 dBm). For the results, please refer to the related chapter of this report.

Therefore the limit is determined as 1.5 MHz.



5.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

25 °C Ambient temperature: Air Pressure: 1000 hPa Humidity: BT GFSK (1-DH5) 35 %

2: 0:0:: (2 2:	.0,				
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	0.930	1.515	0.585
	39	2441	0.925	1.515	0.590
	78	2480	0.925	1.515	0.590

BT n/4 DOPSK (2-DH5)

DI 1/4 DQF3K (2-DI3)							
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]		
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	1.320	1.515	0.195		
	39	2441	1.320	1.515	0.195		
	78	2480	1.320	1.515	0.195		

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH5)

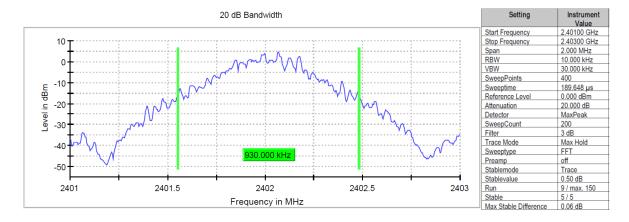
B1 6 B1 5K (9 B119)							
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]		
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	1.275	1.515	0.240		
	39	2441	1.275	1.515	0.240		
	78	2480	1.275	1.515	0.240		

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

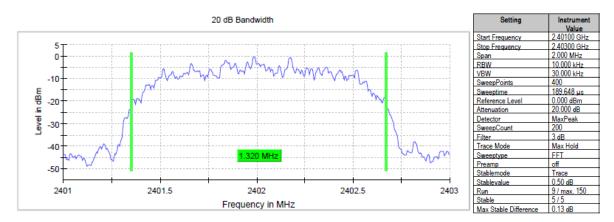


5.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AB01)

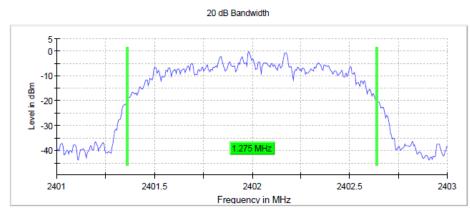


Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AB01)





Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AB01)



Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.40100 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.40300 GHz
Span	2.000 MHz
RBW	10.000 kHz
VBW	30.000 kHz
SweepPoints	400
Sweeptime	189.648 µs
Reference Level	0.000 dBm
Attenuation	20.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	200
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.50 dB
Run	10 / max. 150
Stable	5/5
Max Stable Difference	0.04 dB

5.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



5.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

Analyser settings:

• Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 to 5 % of the OBW

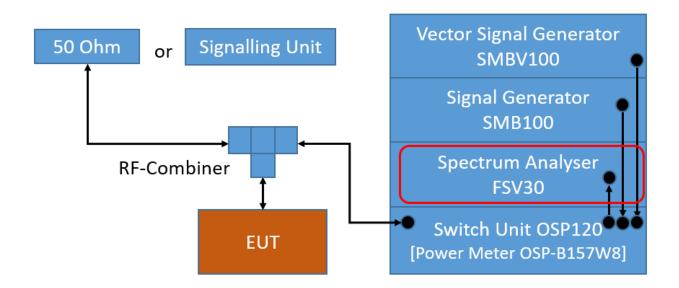
Video Bandwidth (VBW): ≥ 3 times the RBW

• Span: 1.5 to 5 times the OBW

Trace: Maxhold

Sweeps: Till stable (min. 500, max. 75000)

Sweeptime: AutoDetector: Peak



TS8997; Channel Bandwidth



5.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

No applicable limit.

5.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C Air Pressure: 1000 hPa Humidity: 35 %

BT GFSK (1-DH5)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	0.865
	39	2441	0.865
	78	2480	0.865

BT π/4 DQPSK (2-DH5)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	1.165
	39	2441	1.165
	78	2480	1.165

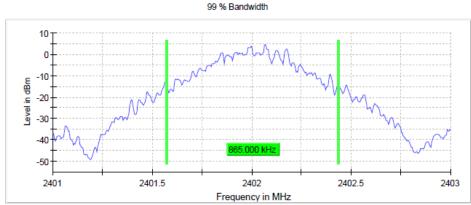
BT 8-DPSK (3-DH5)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	99 % Bandwidth [MHz]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	1.175
	39	2441	1.175
	78	2480	1.175

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

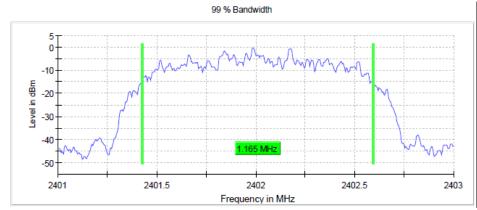
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AB01)



Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.40100 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.40300 GHz
Span	2.000 MHz
RBW	10.000 kHz
VBW	30.000 kHz
SweepPoints	400
Sweeptime	189.648 us
Reference Level	0.000 dBm
Attenuation	20.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	500
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.30 dB
Run	6 / max. 150
Stable	3/3
Max Stable Difference	0.07 dB

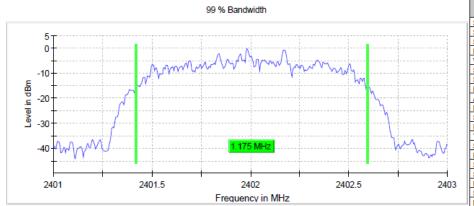


Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AB01)



Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.40100 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.40300 GHz
Span	2.000 MHz
RBW	10.000 kHz
VBW	30.000 kHz
SweepPoints	400
Sweeptime	189.648 us
Reference Level	0.000 dBm
Attenuation	20.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	500
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.30 dB
Run	6 / max. 150
Stable	3/3
Max Stable Difference	0.16 dB

Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AB01)



Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.40100 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.40300 GHz
Span	2.000 MHz
RBW	10.000 kHz
VBW	30.000 kHz
SweepPoints	400
Sweeptime	189.648 µs
Reference Level	0.000 dBm
Attenuation	20.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	500
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.30 dB
Run	5 / max. 150
Stable	3/3
Max Stable Difference	0.08 dB

5.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



5.4 PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

FHSS EQUIPMENT:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyser was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

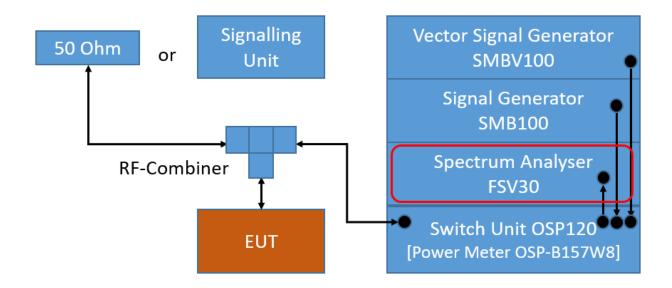
Analyser settings:

Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): ≥ 20 dB BW
 Video Bandwidth (VBW): ≥ 3 times RBW

• Trace: Maxhold

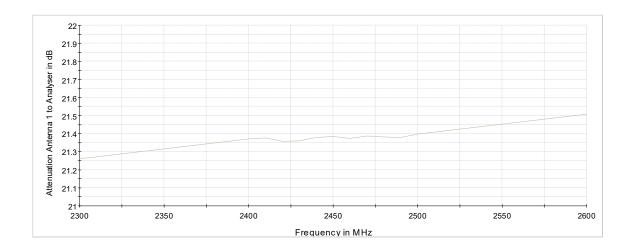
• Sweeps: Till stable (min. 300, max. 15000)

Sweeptime: AutoDetector: Peak



TS8997; Output Power





Path Attenuation Output power

5.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

DTS devices:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

==> Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

Frequency Hopping Systems:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (1)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (2)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) = $10 \log (Limit (W)/1mW)$



5.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Ambient temperature:} & 25 \ \mbox{°C} \\ \mbox{Air Pressure:} & 1000 \ \mbox{hPa} \\ \mbox{Humidity:} & 35 \ \mbox{\%} \end{array}$

BT GFSK (1-DH5)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	E.I.R.P [dBm]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	10.4	21.0	10.6	12.6
	39	2441	10.6	21.0	10.4	12.8
	78	2480	10.8	21.0	10.2	13.0

BT π/4 DQPSK (2-DH5)

Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	E.I.R.P [dBm]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	9.6	21.0	11.4	11.8
	39	2441	9.9	21.0	11.1	12.1
	78	2480	10.0	21.0	11.0	12.2

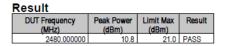
BT 8-DPSK (3-DH5)

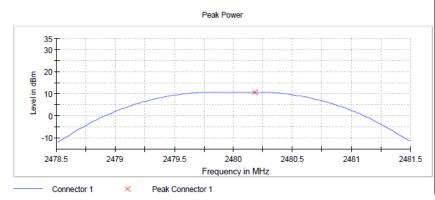
Band	Channel No.	Frequency [MHz]	Peak Power [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	E.I.R.P [dBm]
2.4 GHz ISM	0	2402	9.9	21.0	11.1	12.1
	39	2441	10.0	21.0	11.0	12.2
	78	2480	10.2	21.0	10.8	12.4

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement method = conducted (S02 AB01)

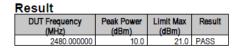


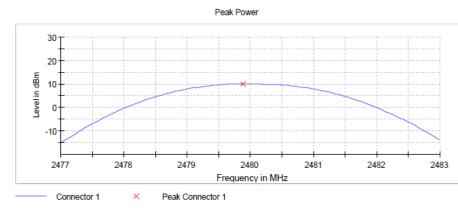


Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.47850 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.48150 GHz
Span	3.000 MHz
RBW	1.000 MHz
VBW	3.000 MHz
SweepPoints	101
Sweeptime	1.907 us
Reference Level	10.000 dBm
Attenuation	30.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	100
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.50 dB
Run	4 / max. 150
Stable	3/3
Max Stable Difference	0.03 dB



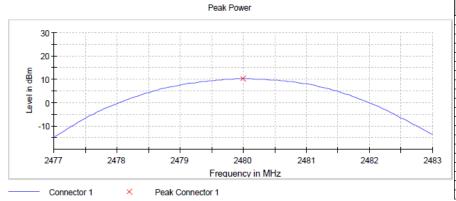
Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement method = conducted (S02_AB01)





Setting	Instrument Value
Start Frequency	2.47700 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.48300 GHz
Span	6.000 MHz
RBW	2.000 MHz
VBW	10.000 MHz
SweepPoints	101
Sweeptime	953,450 ns
Reference Level	10.000 dBm
Attenuation	30.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	100
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.50 dB
Run	4 / max. 150
Stable	3/3
Max Stable Difference	0.22 dB

Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement method = conducted (S02_AB01)



Setting	Value
Start Frequency	2.47700 GHz
Stop Frequency	2.48300 GHz
Span	6.000 MHz
RBW	2.000 MHz
VBW	10.000 MHz
SweepPoints	101
Sweeptime	953.450 ns
Reference Level	10.000 dBm
Attenuation	30.000 dB
Detector	MaxPeak
SweepCount	100
Filter	3 dB
Trace Mode	Max Hold
Sweeptype	FFT
Preamp	off
Stablemode	Trace
Stablevalue	0.50 dB
Run	4 / max. 150
Stable	3/3
Max Stable Difference	0.00 dB

Setting Instrument

5.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



5.5 SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

Analyser settings:

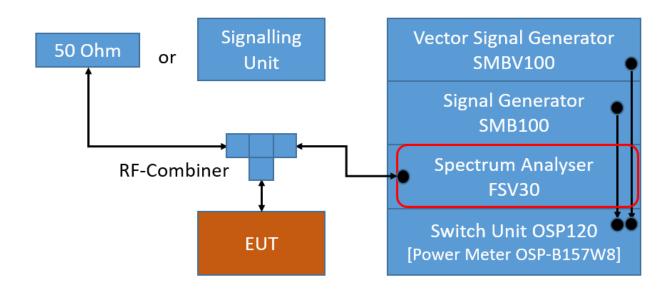
Frequency range: 30 – 26000 MHz
Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz

Trace: Maxhold

• Sweeps: Till Stable (max. 120)

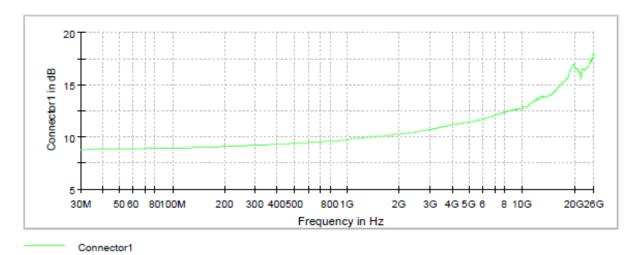
Sweep Time: AutoDetector: Peak

The reference value for the measurement of the spurious RF conducted emissions is determined during the test "band edge compliance conducted". This value is used to calculate the 20 dBc or 30 dBc limit.



TS8997; Spurious RF Conducted Emissions





Attenuation of the measurement path

5.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.



5.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 25 °C Air Pressure: 1010 hPa Humidity: 35 %

BT GFSK (1-DH5)

Channel No	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2488.5	-44.7	PEAK	100	9.8	-10.2	34.5
39	2441	2345.2	-44.0	PEAK	100	10.1	-9.9	34.1
78	2480	25305.4	-41.4	PEAK	100	10.2	-9.8	31.6

BT π/4 DQPSK (2-DH5)

Channel No	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	204.3	-46.7	PEAK	100	6.4	-13.6	33.1
39	2441	204.3	-49.3	PEAK	100	7.4	-12.6	36.7
78	2480	204.3	-48.9	PEAK	100	5.5	-14.5	34.4

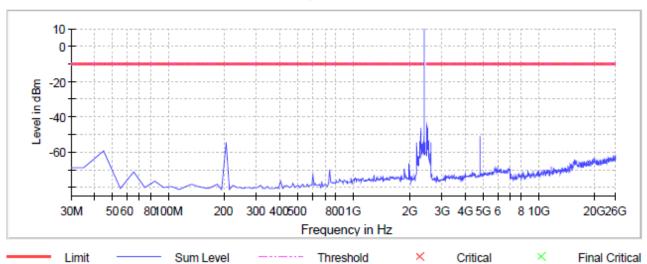
BT 8-DPSK (3-DH5)

Channel No	Channel Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2395.0	-41.3	PEAK	100	5.5	-14.5	26.8
39	2441	2548.5	-46.9	PEAK	100	4.7	-15.3	31.6
78	2480	204.3	-49.8	PEAK	100	5.1	-14.9	34.9

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

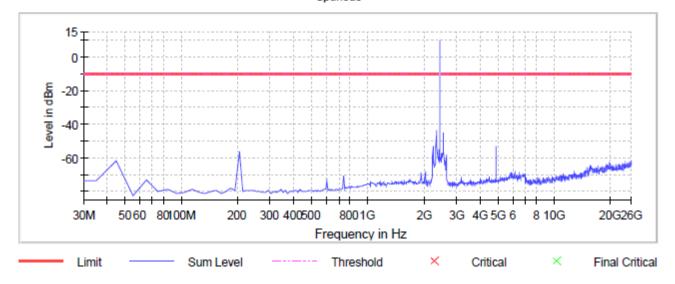
5.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AH01)
Spurious

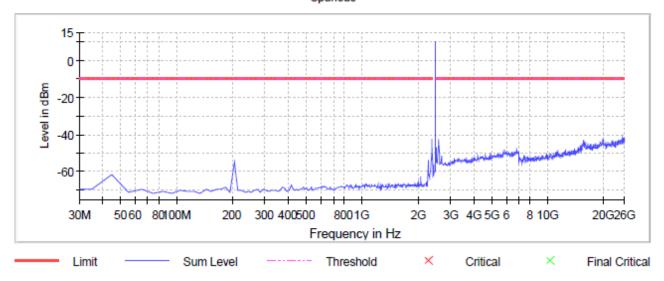




Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = mid (S02_AH01) Spurious

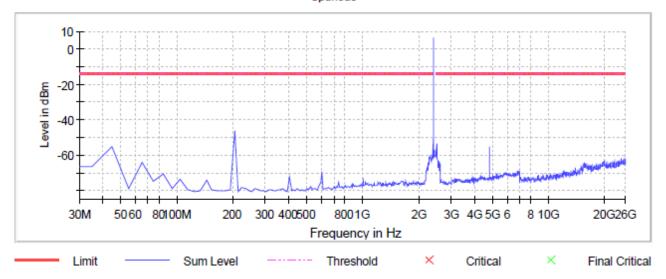


Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = high (S02_AH01)
Spurious



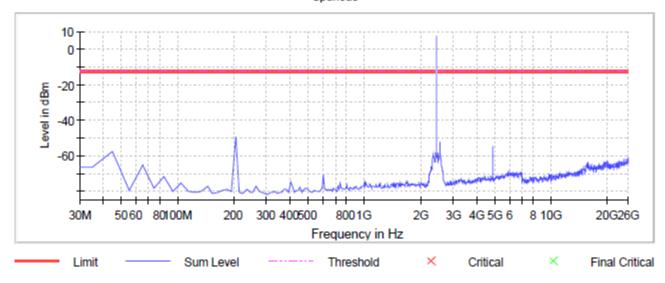


Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AH01) Spurious



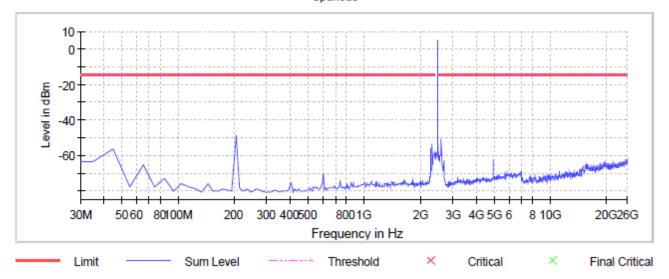
Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = mid (S02_AH01)

Spurious

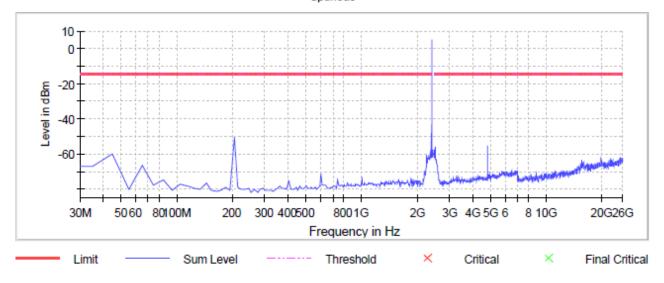




Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = high (S02_AH01)
Spurious

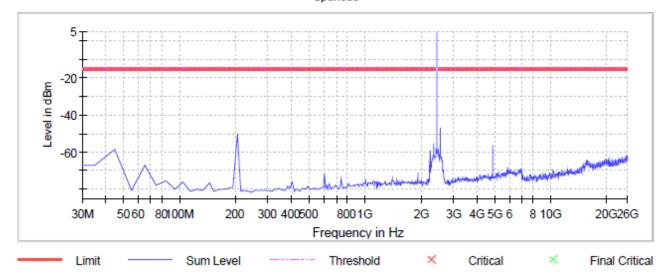


Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = low (S02_AH01)
Spurious

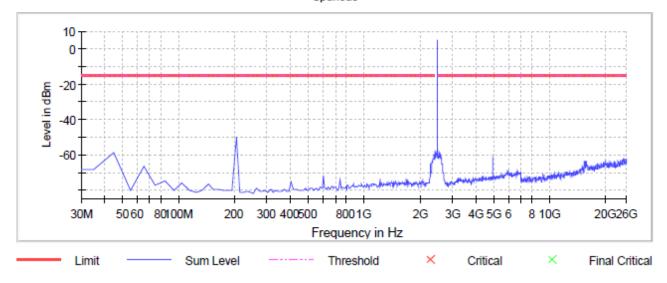




Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = mid (S02_AH01)
Spurious



Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = high (S02_AH01)
Spurious



5.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



5.6 TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The measurements were performed according the following subchapters of ANSI C63.10:

• < 30 MHz: Chapter 6.4

30 MHz – 1 GHz: Chapter 6.5

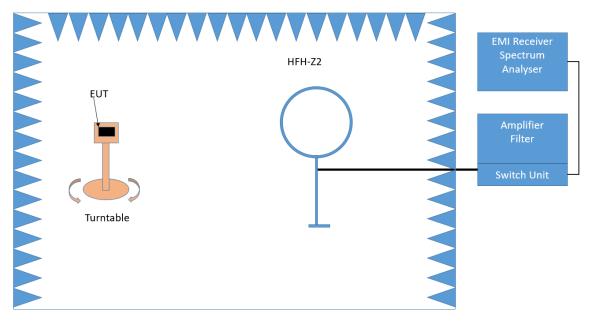
• > 1 GHZ: Chapter 6.6 (procedure according 6.6.5 used)

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered.

Below 1 GHz:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.

1. Measurement up to 30 MHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 9 kHz – 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement



Anechoic chamber

Antenna distance: 3 mAntenna height: 1 m

Detector: Peak-Maxhold

Frequency range: 0.009 - 0.15 MHz and 0.15 - 30 MHz

• Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz

• IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz

Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.

Detector: Quasi-Peak (9 kHz - 150 kHz, Peak / Average 150 kHz- 30 MHz)

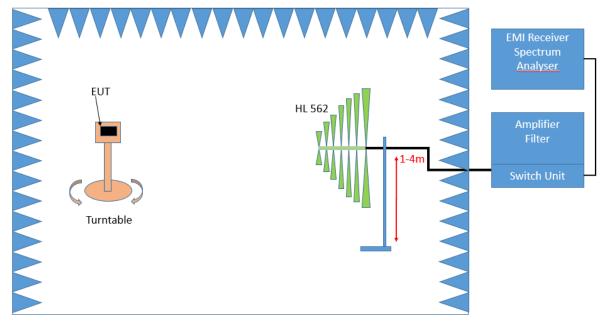
• Frequency range: 0.009 – 30 MHz

• Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1

• IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 - 10 kHz

Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (SAC), 30 MHz- 1GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m

- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)

- Frequency range: 30 - 1000 MHz

Frequency steps: 30 kHzIF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz

Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°

- Turntable step size: 90°



Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
Height variation step size: 1.5 m
Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by 360°. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary between 1 and 4m. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak - Maxhold

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

IF - Bandwidth: 120 kHz
 Measuring time: 100 ms
 Turntable angle range: 360 °
 Height variation range: 1 - 4 m

- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 2, the final measurement will be performed: EMI receiver settings for step 3:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHzMeasuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

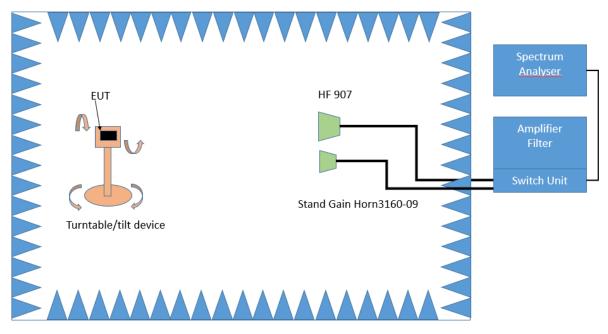


Above 1 GHz:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

Step 1:

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 $^{\circ}$.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 $^{\circ}$. Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak, Average
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz

Step 2:

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 22.5°.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^{\circ}$

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / CISPR Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW = 3 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s



5.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (d)

... In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (μV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 - 13.8)@300m
0.49 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 - 23.0)@30m
1.705 - 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 - 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 - 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 - 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit (dB μ V/m) = 20 log (Limit (μ V/m)/1 μ V/m)



5.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Ambient temperature:} & 22\mbox{-}26\mbox{ °C} \\ \mbox{Air Pressure:} & 1010\mbox{-}1015\mbox{ hPa} \\ \mbox{Humidity:} & 34\mbox{-}38\mbox{ \%} \\ \end{array}$

BT GFSK (1-DH5)

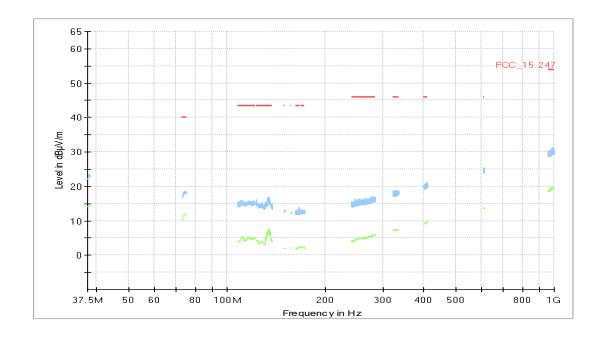
Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
0	2402	2493.5	55.8	PEAK	1000	74.0	18.2	RB
0	2402	2493.5	38.6	AV	1000	54.0	15.4	RB
0	2402	15610.0	56.2	PEAK	1000	74.0	17.8	RB
0	2402	15610.0	42.1	AV	1000	54.0	11.9	RB
39	2441	14477.4	54.4	PEAK	1000	74.0	19.6	RB
39	2441	14477.4	40.1	AV	1000	54.0	13.9	RB
78	2480	2382.2	56.5	PEAK	1000	74.0	17.5	RB
78	2480	2382.2	37.2	AV	1000	54.0	16.8	RB

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

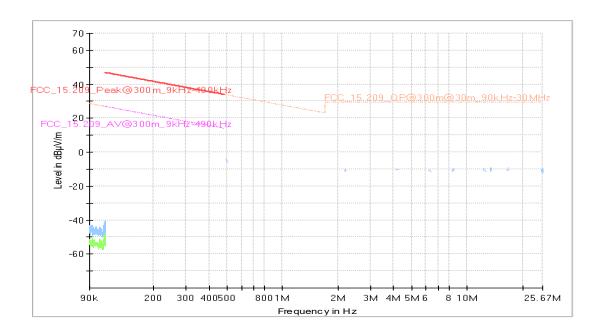
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement range = 30 $$\rm MHz$ - 1 GHz $$\rm (S01_AK01)$$



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margi n	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h	Heigh t	Pol	Azimut h	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment



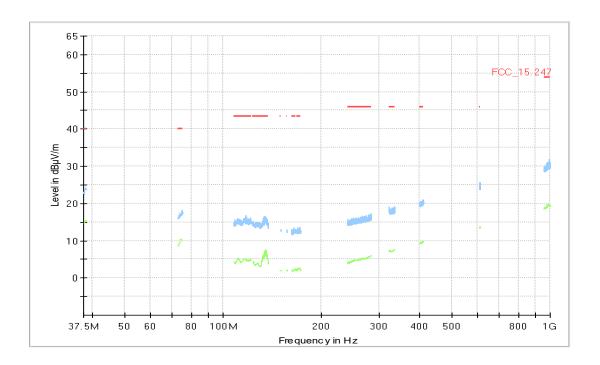
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = mid, Measurement range = 9 kHz - 30 MHz (S01_AK01)



Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dΒμV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)



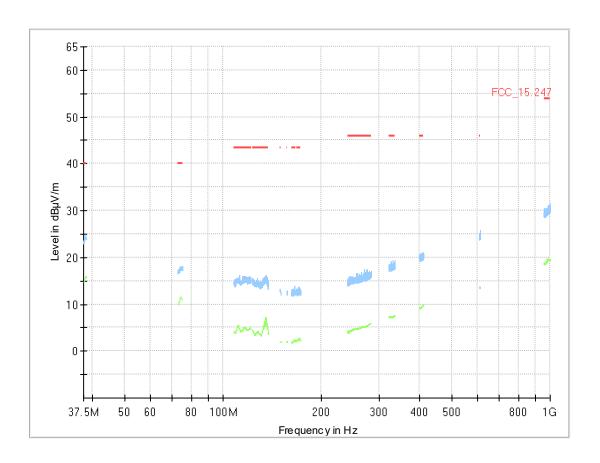
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = mid, Measurement range = 30 $\,$ MHz - 1 GHz $\,$ (S01_AK01)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margi n	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h	Heigh t	Pol	Azimut h	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment



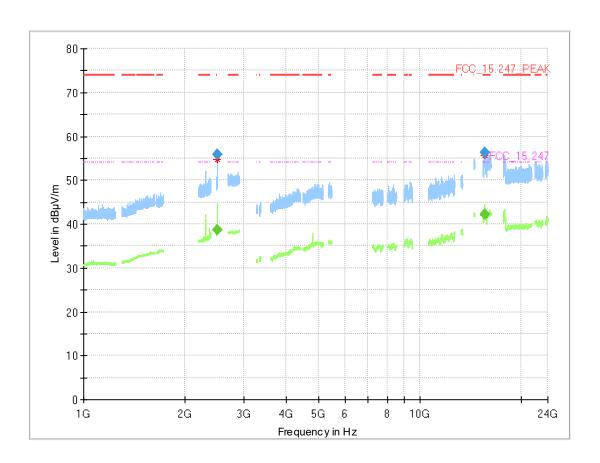
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = low, Measurement range = 30 MHz $^{-}$ 1 GHz $^{-}$ (S01_AK01)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margi n	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h	Heigh t	Pol	Azimut h	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment



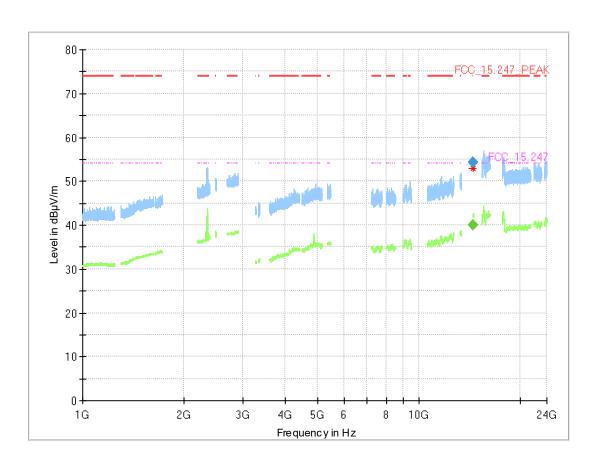
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = low, Measurement range = 1 GHz - 26 GHz $(S01_AK01)$



Frequency	MaxPeak	CAverag	Limit	Margi	Meas. Time	Bandwidt	Heigh	Pol	Azimut	Elevatio	Corr.
(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	е	(dBµ	n	(ms)	h	t		h	n	(dB/
		(dBµV/m)	V/m)	(dB)		(kHz)	(cm)		(deg)	(deg)	m)
2493.483		38.6	54.00	15.40	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	-60.0	75.0	5.5
2493.483	55.8		74.00	18.21	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	158.0	-15.0	5.5
15609.958		42.1	54.00	11.88	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-182.0	105.0	-1.8
15609.958	56.2		74.00	17.78	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-96.0	88.0	-1.8



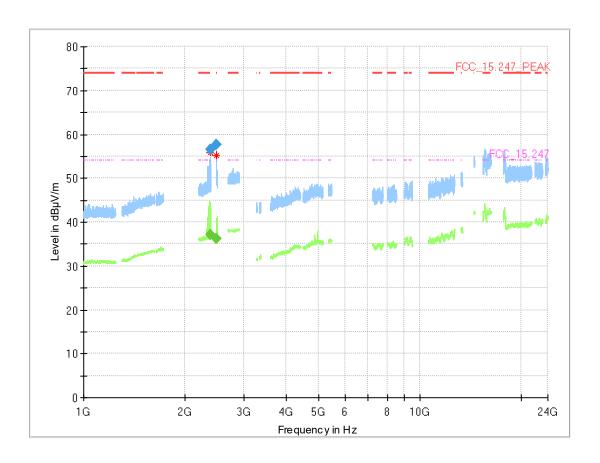
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = mid, Measurement range = 1 GHz - 26 GHz $(S01_AK01)$



	Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverag e (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµ V/m)	Margi n (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h (kHz)	Heigh t (cm)	Pol	Azimut h (deg)	Elevatio n (deg)	Corr. (dB/ m)
Ī	14477.350		40.1	54.00	13.95	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	131.0	15.0	-3.3
Ī	14477.350	54.4		74.00	19.65	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	99.0	84.0	-3.3



Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = high, Measurement range = 1 GHz - 26 GHz $(S01_AK01)$



Final_Result

Frequency	MaxPeak	CAverag	Limit	Margi	Meas. Time	Bandwidt	Heigh	Pol	Azimut	Elevatio	Corr.
(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	е	(dBµ	n	(ms)	h	t		h	n	(dB/
		(dBµV/m)	V/m)	(dB)		(kHz)	(cm)		(deg)	(deg)	m)
2382.240		37.2	54.00	16.82	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	86.0	78.0	4.9
2382.240	56.5	-	74.00	17.53	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	٧	161.0	15.0	4.9
2483.665		36.3	54.00	17.73	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	139.0	-12.0	5.4
2483.665	57.8	-	74.00	16.24	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	٧	139.0	4.0	5.4

5.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions



5.7 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE CONDUCTED

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

For the conducted measurement, the Equipment Under Test (EUT) is placed in a shielded room. The reference power was measured in the test case "Spurious RF Conducted Emissions".

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

Analyser settings:

Lower Band Edge:

Measured range: 2310.0 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

Upper Band Edge

Measured range: 2400.0 MHz to 2500 MHz

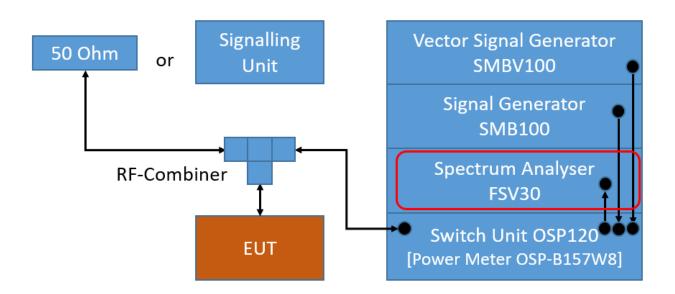
Detector: Peak

Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHzVideo Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz

• Sweeptime: Auto

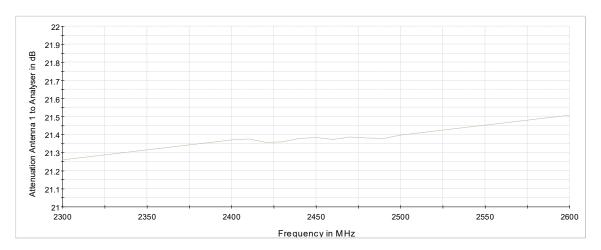
Sweeps: Till stable (min. 300, max. 15000)

Trace: Maxhold



TS8997; Band Edge Conducted





Attenuation of the measurement path

5.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15.247 (d)

"In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. ...

If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c))."

For the conducted measurement the RF power at the band edge shall be "at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power..."



5.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

25 °C Ambient temperature: 1000 hPa Air Pressure: Humidity: BT GFSK (1-DH5) 35 %

Channel No.	Channel Center Frequency [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2400.0	-42.5	PEAK	100	9.9	-10.1	32.4
78	2480	2483.5	-44.0	PEAK	100	10.2	-9.8	34.2
hopping	hopping	2400.0	-39.6	PEAK	100	10.5	-9.5	30.1
hopping	hopping	2483.5	-44.4	PEAK	100	10.5	-9.5	34.9

BT π/4 DQPSK (2-DH5)

Channel No.	Channel Center Frequency [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2400.0	-44.9	PEAK	100	7.2	-12.8	32.1
78	2480	2483.5	-44.3	PEAK	100	7.5	-12.5	31.8
hopping	hopping	2400.0	-44.7	PEAK	100	7.5	-12.5	32.2
hopping	hopping	2483.5	-44.7	PEAK	100	7.5	-12.5	32.2

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH5)

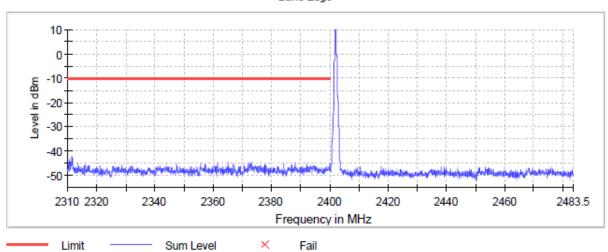
Channel No.	Channel Center Frequency [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Ref. Level [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
0	2402	2400.0	-44.7	PEAK	100	7.0	-13.0	31.7
78	2480	2483.5	-44.1	PEAK	100	6.9	-13.1	31.0
hopping	hopping	2400.0	-45.4	PEAK	100	7.7	-12.3	33.1
hopping	hopping	2483.5	-45.0	PEAK	100	7.7	-12.3	32.7

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOTS

Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = low, Band Edge = low (S02_AB01)

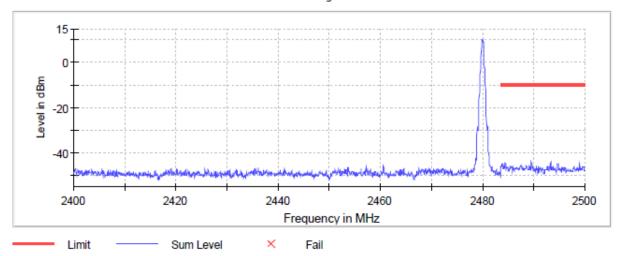
Band Edge



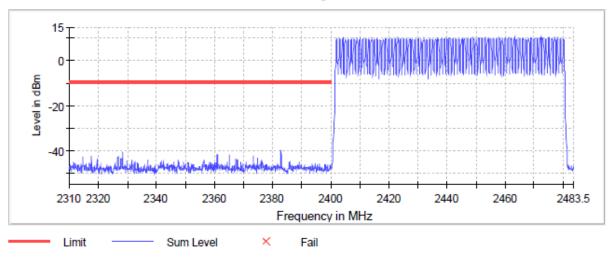


Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = high, Band Edge = high (S02_AB01)





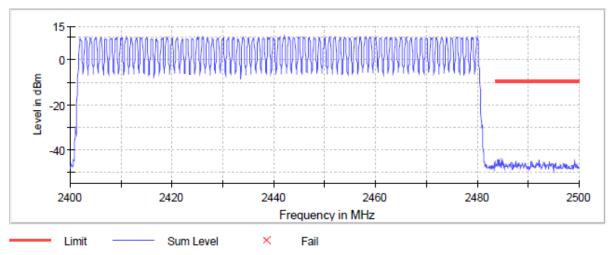
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = hopping, Band Edge = low (S02_AB01)



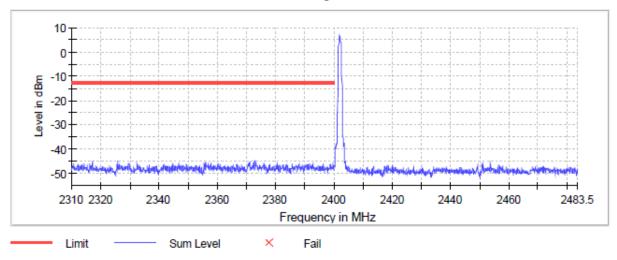


Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = hopping, Band Edge = high (S02_AB01)





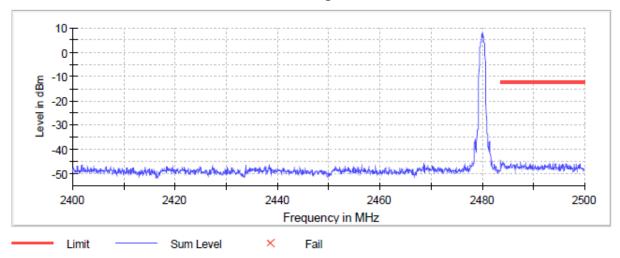
Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = low, Band Edge = low (S02_AB01)



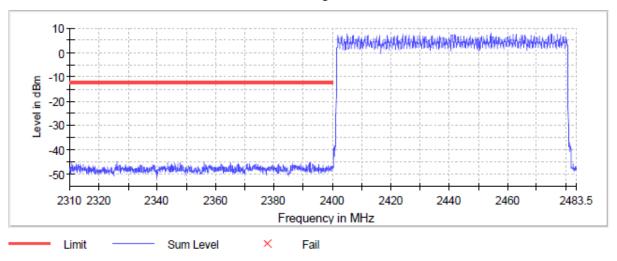


Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = high, Band Edge = high (S02_AB01)





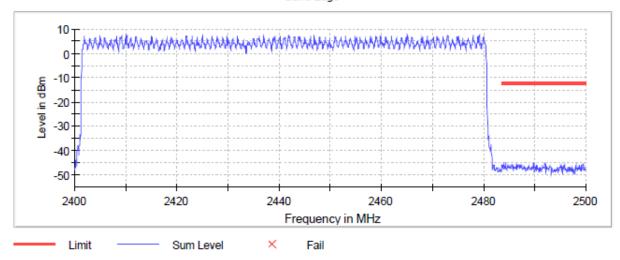
Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = hopping, Band Edge = low (S02_AB01)



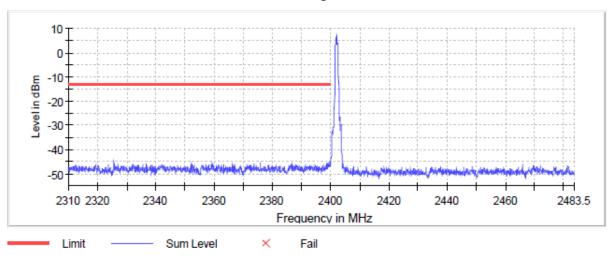


Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = hopping, Band Edge = high (S02_AB01)





Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = low, Band Edge = low (S02_AB01)





Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = high, Band Edge = high (S02_AB01)

Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = hopping, Band Edge = low (S02_AB01)

Frequency in MHz

Fail

Sum Level

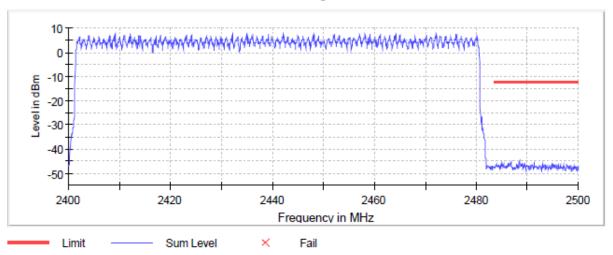
Band Edge 10 Level in dBm -20 -30 2310 2320 2340 2360 2400 2440 2460 2483.5 Frequency in MHz Limit Sum Level Fail

Limit



Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = hopping, Band Edge = high (S02_AB01)





5.7.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



5.8 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE RADIATED

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.8.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

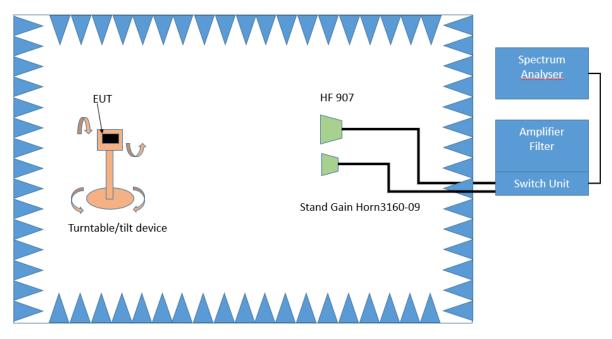
The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The measurements were performed according the following subchapter of ANSI C63.10:

• Chapter 6.10.5

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only (procedure according ANSI C63.10, chapter 6.6.5.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz



Test Setup; Spurious Emission Radiated (FAC), 1 GHz-26.5 GHz

Step 1:

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °. Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak, Average
- RBW = 1 MHz
- -VBW = 3MHz

Step 2:

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by \pm 22.5°. The elevation angle will slowly vary by \pm 45°



Spectrum analyser settings:

- Detector: Peak

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / CISPR Average

- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies

- RBW = 1 MHz - VBW = 3 MHz - Measuring time: 1 s

5.8.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

Frequency in MHz	Limit (μV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
0.009 - 0.49	2400/F(kHz)@300m	3	(48.5 - 13.8)@300m
0.49 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)@30m	3	(33.8 - 23.0)@30m
1.705 - 30	30@30m	3	29.5@30m

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

Frequency in MHz	Limit (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)	Limits (dBµV/m)
30 - 88	100@3m	3	40.0@3m
88 - 216	150@3m	3	43.5@3m
216 - 960	200@3m	3	46.0@3m
960 - 26000	500@3m	3	54.0@3m
26000 - 40000	500@3m	1	54.0@3m

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit $(dB\mu V/m) = 20 \log (Limit (\mu V/m)/1\mu V/m)$



5.8.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 22-26 °C
Air Pressure: 1010-1015 hPa
Humidity: 34-38 %

BT GFSK (1-DH5)

Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
78	2480	2483.5	57.8	PEAK	1000	74.0	16.2	BE
78	2480	2483.5	36.3	AV	1000	54.0	17.7	BE

BT n/4 DQPSK (2-DH5)

Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
78	2480	2483.5	57.6	PEAK	1000	74.0	16.4	BE
78	2480	2483.5	36.2	AV	1000	54.0	17.8	BE

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH5)

Applied duty cycle correction (AV): 0 dB

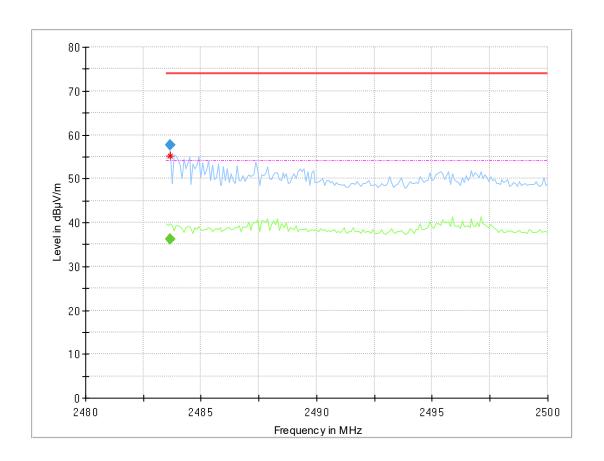
Ch. No.	Ch. Center Freq. [MHz]	Band Edge Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBµV/m]	Detec- tor	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBµV/m]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Limit Type
78	2480	2483.5	59.6	PEAK	1000	74.0	14.4	BE
78	2480	2483.5	36.0	AV	1000	54.0	18.0	BE

 $\label{lem:Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.}$



5.8.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR, Operating Frequency = high, Band Edge = high (S01_AK01)



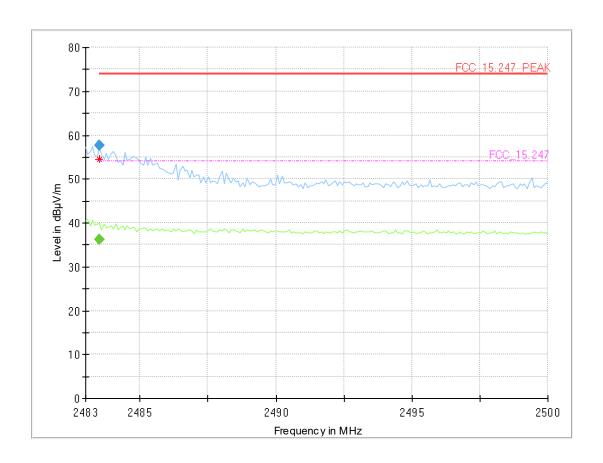
Critical_Freqs

Frequency	MaxPeak	Average	Limit	Margi	Meas. Time	Bandwidt	Heigh	Pol	Azimut	Elevatio	Corr.
(MHz)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµ	n	(ms)	h	t		h	n	(dB/
			V/m)	(dB)		(kHz)	(cm)		(deg)	(deg)	m)
2382.240	55.9		74.00	18.15			150.0	V	161.0	15.0	4.9
2382.240		37.3	54.00	16.71			150.0	Н	86.0	78.0	4.9
2483.665	55.2		74.00	18.82			150.0	V	139.0	4.0	5.4
2483.665		36.3	54.00	17.66			150.0	V	139.0	-12.0	5.4

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverag e (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµ V/m)	Margi n (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h (kHz)	Heigh t (cm)	Pol	Azimut h (deg)	Elevatio n (deg)	Corr. (dB/ m)
2382.240		37.2	54.00	16.82	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	86.0	78.0	4.9
2382.240	56.5		74.00	17.53	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	161.0	15.0	4.9
2483.665		36.3	54.00	17.73	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	139.0	-12.0	5.4
2483.665	57.8		74.00	16.24	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	139.0	4.0	5.4



Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 2, Operating Frequency = high, Band Edge = high (S01_AK01)



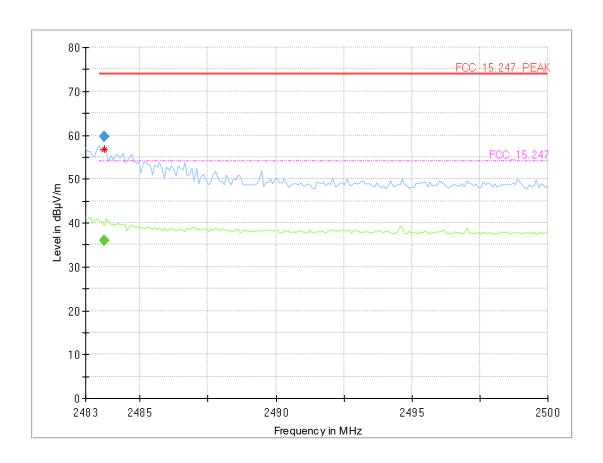
Critical_Freqs

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Average (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµ V/m)	Margi n (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h (kHz)	Heigh t (cm)	Pol	Azimut h (deg)	Elevatio n (deg)	Corr. (dB/ m)
2483.510	54.4		74.00	19.58			150.0	Н	79.0	86.0	5.4
2483.510		36.3	54.00	17.73			150.0	Н	79.0	78.0	5.4

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverag e (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµ V/m)	Margi n (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h (kHz)	Heigh t (cm)	Pol	Azimut h (deg)	Elevatio n (deg)	Corr. (dB/ m)
2483.510		36.2	54.00	17.75	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	79.0	78.0	5.4
2483.510	57.6		74.00	16.44	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	Н	79.0	86.0	5.4



Radio Technology = Bluetooth EDR 3, Operating Frequency = high, Band Edge = high (S01_AK01)



Critical_Freqs

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Average (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµ V/m)	Margi n (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h (kHz)	Heigh t (cm)	Pol	Azimut h (deg)	Elevatio n (deg)	Corr. (dB/ m)
2483.680	56.7		74.00	17.33			150.0	V	-101.0	11.0	5.4
2483.680		36.0	54.00	18.01			150.0	V	-71.0	-15.0	5.4

Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	CAverag e (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµ V/m)	Margi n (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidt h (kHz)	Heigh t (cm)	Pol	Azimut h (deg)	Elevatio n (deg)	Corr. (dB/ m)
2483.680		36.0	54.00	18.01	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-71.0	-15.0	5.4
2483.680	59.6		74.00	14.40	1000.0	1000.000	150.0	V	-101.0	11.0	5.4

5.8.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions



5.9 CHANNEL SEPARATION

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.9.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

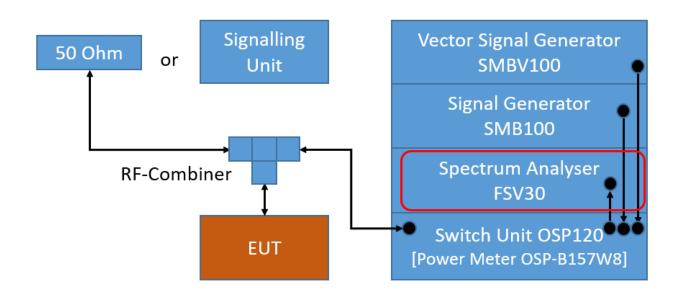
The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the channel separation measurement. The channel separation is independent of the modulation pattern.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

Analyser settings:

- Detector: PeakTrace: Maxhold
- Span: appr. 3 x OBW
- Centre Frequency: approximate mid of two channels
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): appr. 30 % of channel spacing
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): ≥ RBW
- Sweep Time: Auto
- Sweeps: Till stable (min. 2000, max. 30000)

The technology depending measurement parameters can be found in the measurement plot.



TS8997; Channel Separation

5.9.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS



FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

5.9.3 TEST PROTOCOL

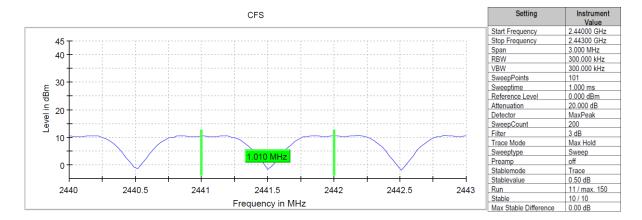
Ambient temperature: 25 °C Air Pressure: 1000 hPa Humidity: 35 %

Radio Technology	Channel Separation [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Margin to Limit [MHz]
BT GFSK (1-DH5)	1.010	0.930	0.080

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.9.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (EXAMPLE PLOT, SHOWING WORST CASE, IF APPLICABLE)

Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR (S02_AB01)



5.9.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



5.10 DWELL TIME

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.10.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the dwell time measurement. The dwell time is independent of the modulation pattern.

The EUT is set to its maximum dwell time.

The dwell time is measured by spectrum analyser and power meter in parallel. The spectrum analyser video output is connected to the power meter allowing the power meter to measure transmission time only when the EUT is actively transmitting on the measured channel. The power meter is using a time resolution of 1 μ s resulting in a more accurate measurement then possible using the spectrum analyser. In addition, measurement of burst length on more than one transmission is performed this way.

In addition to the calculated dwell time from single burst length, measured dwell time summing up all measured bursts lengths as measured by the power meter is given in the result table.

Calculation for Bluetooth Classic:

Maximum Duty Cycle is given for DH5 packets, resulting in 5 time slots transmission, 1 time slots reception. Each time slot lasts $625~\mu s$.

Dwell time is calculated as: measured length of a single 5 time slot transmission multiplied by the number of bursts measured by the power meter.

Analyser Settings single 5 slot burst:

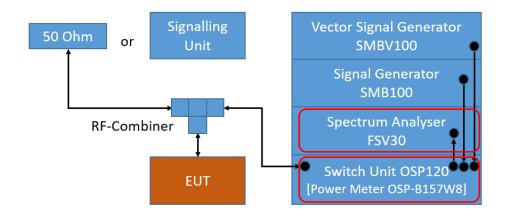
- Centre Frequency: mid channel frequency
- Span: Zero spanDetector: Peak
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): ≤ Channel separation
- Trigger: VideoSweep Time: 3 msSweep Points: 30001
- Single Sweep

Analyser setting full sweep:

- Centre Frequency: mid channel frequency
- Span: Zero spanDetector: Peak
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): ≤ Channel separation
- Trigger: ExternalSweep Time: 31.6 sSweep Points: 30001
- Single Sweep

Time resolution of power meter: 1 µs





TS8997; Dwell Time

5.10.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For the band: 902 - 928 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (i)

If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period.

For the band: 5725 – 5850 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (ii)

The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

For the frequency band 2400 - 2483.5 MHz: FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

...The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Since the Bluetooth technology uses 79 channels this period is calculated to be 31.6 seconds.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (f)

(f) For the purposes of this section, hybrid systems are those that employ a combination of both frequency hopping and digital modulation techniques. The frequency hopping operation of the hybrid system, with the direct sequence or digital modulation operation turned-off, shall have an average time of occupancy on any frequency not to exceed 0.4 seconds within a time period in seconds equal to the number of hopping frequencies employed multiplied by 0.4.

...



5.10.3 TEST PROTOCOL

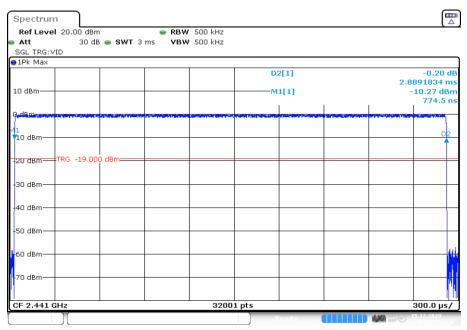
Ambient temperature: 25 °C
Air Pressure: 1000 hPa
Humidity: 35 %

Radio Technology	Time Slot Length [ms]	Number of Bursts	Resulting Dwell Time [ms]	Limit [s]	Margin to Limit [ms]
BT GFSK (1-DH5)	2.889	114	329.346	0.4	70.654

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.10.4 MEASUREMENT PLOTS

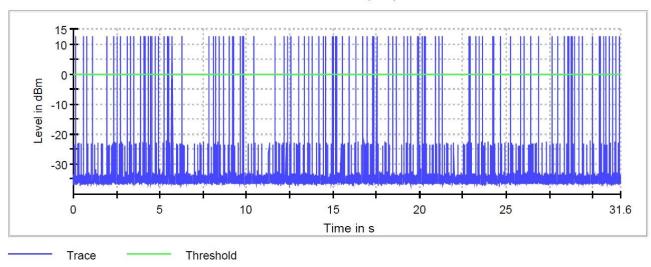
Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR (S02_AB01)



Date: 15.DEC.2020 20:50:11



Time of Channel Occupancy



5.10.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



5.11 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

Standard FCC Part 15 Subpart C

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

5.11.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

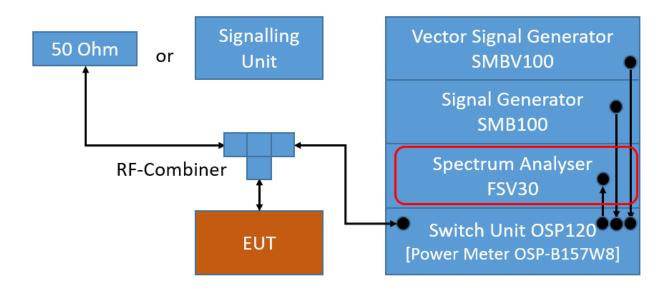
The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the number of hopping frequencies measurement. The number of hopping frequencies is independent of the modulation pattern.

The EUT was connected to the test system as described in the block diagram below. The complete attenuation of the measurement path is known and considered.

Analyser settings:

- Detector: PeakTrace: Maxhold
- Frequency span: Frequency band of operation
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): < 30 % of channel spacing or 20 dB bandwidth (whichever is smaller)
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 x RBW
- Sweep Time: Auto
- Sweeps: Till stable (min. 300, max. 15000)

The technology depending measurement parameters can be found in the measurement plot.



TS8997; Number of Hopping Frequencies



5.11.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For the band: 902 – 928 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (i)

If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies.

If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies

For the band: 5725 - 5850 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (ii)

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies.

For the band: 2400 - 2483.5 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.



5.11.3 TEST PROTOCOL

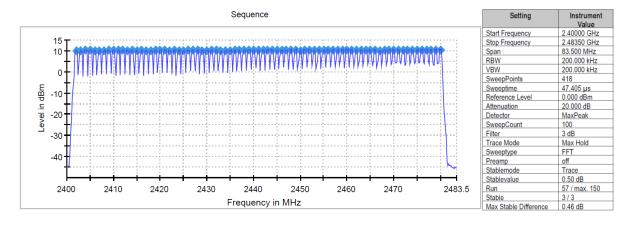
Ambient temperature: 25 °C Air Pressure: 1000 hPa Humidity: 35 %

Radio Technology	Number of Hopping Frequencies	Limit	Margin to Limit
BT GFSK (1-DH1)	79	15	64

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

5.11.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT

Radio Technology = Bluetooth BDR (S02_AB01)



5.11.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- R&S TS8997



6 TEST EQUIPMENT

1 Conducted Emissions FCC Conducted Emissions AC Mains for FCC standards

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1		Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS	Datum GmbH	002	2020-11	2021-11
1.2	Opus10 TPR (8253.00)	, 55	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13936	2019-05	2021-05
1.3			Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	828304/029	2019-06	2021-06
1.4	Chroma 6404	AC Source	Chroma ATE INC.	64040001304		
1.5			Frankonia Germany EMC Solution GmbH			
1.6			Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	829996/002	2019-06	2021-06
1.7		EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	101424	2019-01	2021-01
1.8	Opus10 THI (8152.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7489	2019-05	2021-05

2 R&S TS8997

2.4 and 5 GHz Bands Conducted Test Lab

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last	Calibration
					Calibration	Due
2.1		Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 30 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	103005	2020-05	2022-05
	Opus10 THI (8152.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13985	2019-06	2021-06
	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	. 55	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	13993	2019-06	2021-06
	Opus10 THI (8152.00)		Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	7482	2019-06	2021-06
2.5		Contains Power Meter and Switching Unit OSP- B157W8	Rohde & Schwarz	101158	2018-05	2021-05

Radiated Emissions Lab to perform radiated emission tests

Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last	Calibration
					Calibration	Due
3.1	MFS	Rubidium	Datum GmbH	002	2020-11	2021-11
		Frequency				
		Normal MFS				
3.2	Opus10 TPR	T/P Logger 13	Lufft Mess- und	13936	2019-05	2021-05
	(8253.00)		Regeltechnik GmbH			
3.3	ESW44	EMI Receiver /	Rohde & Schwarz	101603	2019-12	2021-12
		Spectrum	GmbH & Co. KG			
		Analyzer				

TEST REPORT REFERENCE: MDE_UBLOX_2008_FCC_01 Page 74 of 84



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
3.4	Anechoic Chamber 01	SAC/FAR, 10.58 m x 6.38 m x 6.00 m	Frankonia	none	2018-06	2021-06
3.5	HL 562 ULTRALOG	Biconical-log- per antenna (30 MHz - 3 GHz) with HL 562E biconicals	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	830547/003	2018-07	2021-07
3.6	AMF- 7D00101800- 30-10P-R	Broadband Amplifier 100 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq			
3.7	ASP 1.2/1.8-10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.8	Anechoic Chamber 03	FAR, 8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (I x w x h)	Albatross Projects	P26971-647-001- PRB		
3.9	Fluke 177		Fluke Europe B.V.	86670383	2020-04	2022-04
3.10	Opus10 THI (8152.00)	T/H Logger 10	Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH	12488	2019-06	2021-06
3.11		Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	849785		
3.12	FSW 43		Rohde & Schwarz	103779	2019-02	2021-02
3.13	3160-09		EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00083069		
		High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instruments GmbH	09		
3.15	DS 420S		HD GmbH	420/573/99		
3.16	JS4-00102600- 42-5A	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz	Miteq	619368		
3.17	TT 1.5 WI	Turn Table	Maturo GmbH	-		
3.18	HL 562 ULTRALOG	Biconical-log- per Antenna (30 MHz - 3 GHz)	Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG	100609	2019-05	2022-05
3.19	3160-10	Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz	EMCO Elektronic GmbH	00086675		
3.20	MA4985-XP-ET	Bore Sight	innco systems GmbH	none		
3.21	VLFX-650+	Low Pass Filter DC650 MHz		15542		
3.22	JUN-AIR Mod. 6- 15	Air	JUN-AIR Deutschland GmbH	612582		
3.23	5HC3500/18000 -1.2-KK		Trilithic	200035008		
3.24	HFH2-Z2	Loop Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	829324/006	2018-01	2021-01



Ref.No.	Device Name	Description	Manufacturer	Serial Number	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
	SB4- 100.OLD20- 3T/10 Airwin 2 x 1.5 kW		airWin Kompressoren UG	901/00503		
	JS4-00101800- 35-5P	Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz	Miteq	896037		
3.27	AS 620 P	Antenna Mast (pneumatic polarisation)	HD GmbH	620/37		
3.28	TD1.5-10kg	EUT Tilt Device (Rohacell)	Maturo GmbH	TD1.5- 10kg/024/37907 09		
	Innco Systems CO3000		innco systems GmbH	CO3000/967/393 71016/L		
3.30	HF 907-2	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102817	2019-04	2022-04
3.31	PAS 2.5 - 10 kg	Antenna Mast	Maturo GmbH	-		
	AFS42- 00101800-25-S- 42		Miteq	2035324		
3.33	AM 4.0	Antenna Mast 4 m	Maturo GmbH	AM4.0/180/1192 0513		
3.34	HF 907	Double-ridged horn	Rohde & Schwarz	102444	2018-07	2021-07

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"



7 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

7.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

Frequency	Corr.	
MHz	dB	
0.15	10.1	
5	10.3	
7	10.5	
10	10.5	
12	10.7	
14	10.7	
16	10.8	
18	10.9	
20	10.9	
22	11.1	
24	11.1	
26	11.2	
28	11.2	
30	11.3	

dB atten- uator)
dB
10.0
10.2
10.3
10.3
10.4
10.4
10.4
10.5
10.5
10.6
10.6
10.7
10.7
10.8

Sample calculation

 U_{LISN} (dB μ V) = U (dB μ V) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.



7.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ - 30 MHZ)

	AF	
Frequency	HFH-Z2)	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
0.009	20.50	-79.6
0.01	20.45	-79.6
0.015	20.37	-79.6
0.02	20.36	-79.6
0.025	20.38	-79.6
0.03	20.32	-79.6
0.05	20.35	-79.6
0.08	20.30	-79.6
0.1	20.20	-79.6
0.2	20.17	-79.6
0.3	20.14	-79.6
0.49	20.12	-79.6
0.490001	20.12	-39.6
0.5	20.11	-39.6
0.8	20.10	-39.6
1	20.09	-39.6
2	20.08	-39.6
3	20.06	-39.6
4	20.05	-39.5
5	20.05	-39.5
6	20.02	-39.5
8	19.95	-39.5
10	19.83	-39.4
12	19.71	-39.4
14	19.54	-39.4
16	19.53	-39.3
18	19.50	-39.3
20	19.57	-39.3
22	19.61	-39.3
24	19.61	-39.3
26	19.54	-39.3
28	19.46	-39.2
30	19.73	-39.1

\ -		<u>'</u>				
cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	d_{Limit}	d_{used}
loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-40 dB/	distance	distance
chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-80	300	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	-40	30	3
0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3
0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	-40	30	3

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = $-40 * LOG (d_{Limit} / d_{used})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values



7.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ - 1 GHZ)

 $(d_{Limit} = 3 m)$

$d_{Limit} = 3 m)$						
Frequency	AF R&S HL562	Corr.				
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB				
30	18.6	0.6				
50	6.0	0.9				
100	9.7	1.2				
150	7.9	1.6				
200	7.6	1.9				
250	9.5	2.1				
300	11.0	2.3				
350	12.4	2.6				
400	13.6	2.9				
450	14.7	3.1				
500	15.6	3.2				
550	16.3	3.5				
600	17.2	3.5				
650	18.1	3.6				
700	18.5	3.6				
750	19.1	4.1				
800	19.6	4.1				
850	20.1	4.4				
900	20.8	4.7				
950	21.1	4.8				
1000	21.6	4.9				

cable	cable	cable	cable	distance	d_{Limit}	d_{used}
loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	corr.	(meas.	(meas.
(inside	(outside	(switch	(to	(-20 dB/	distance	distance
chamber)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)	decade)	(limit)	(used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	0.0	3	3
0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	0.0	3	3
0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	0.0	3	3
0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	0.0	3	3
0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	0.0	3	3
1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	0.0	3	3
1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	0.0	3	3
1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	0.0	3	3
1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	0.0	3	3
1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	0.0	3	3
2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	0.0	3	3
2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	0.0	3	3
2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	0.0	3	3

 $(d_{Limit} = 10 m)$

(<u>a_{Limit} = 10 m</u>	1)								
30	18.6	-9.9	0.29	0.04	0.23	0.02	-10.5	10	3
50	6.0	-9.6	0.39	0.09	0.32	0.08	-10.5	10	3
100	9.7	-9.2	0.56	0.14	0.47	0.08	-10.5	10	3
150	7.9	-8.8	0.73	0.20	0.59	0.12	-10.5	10	3
200	7.6	-8.6	0.84	0.21	0.70	0.11	-10.5	10	3
250	9.5	-8.3	0.98	0.24	0.80	0.13	-10.5	10	3
300	11.0	-8.1	1.04	0.26	0.89	0.15	-10.5	10	3
350	12.4	-7.9	1.18	0.31	0.96	0.13	-10.5	10	3
400	13.6	-7.6	1.28	0.35	1.03	0.19	-10.5	10	3
450	14.7	-7.4	1.39	0.38	1.11	0.22	-10.5	10	3
500	15.6	-7.2	1.44	0.39	1.20	0.19	-10.5	10	3
550	16.3	-7.0	1.55	0.46	1.24	0.23	-10.5	10	3
600	17.2	-6.9	1.59	0.43	1.29	0.23	-10.5	10	3
650	18.1	-6.9	1.67	0.34	1.35	0.22	-10.5	10	3
700	18.5	-6.8	1.67	0.42	1.41	0.15	-10.5	10	3
750	19.1	-6.3	1.87	0.54	1.46	0.25	-10.5	10	3
800	19.6	-6.3	1.90	0.46	1.51	0.25	-10.5	10	3
850	20.1	-6.0	1.99	0.60	1.56	0.27	-10.5	10	3
900	20.8	-5.8	2.14	0.60	1.63	0.29	-10.5	10	3
950	21.1	-5.6	2.22	0.60	1.66	0.33	-10.5	10	3
1000	21.6	-5.6	2.23	0.61	1.71	0.30	-10.5	10	3

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) distance correction = $-20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/d_{used})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



7.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ - 18 GHZ)

	AF	
Frequency	R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	24.4	-19.4
2000	28.5	-17.4
3000	31.0	-16.1
4000	33.1	-14.7
5000	34.4	-13.7
6000	34.7	-12.7
7000	35.6	-11.0

		cable		
cable		loss 3		
loss 1		(switch		
(relay +	cable	unit,		
cable	loss 2	atten-	cable	
inside	(outside	uator &	loss 4 (to	
chamber)	chamber)	pre-amp)	receiver)	
dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.99	0.31	-21.51	0.79	
1.44	0.44	-20.63	1.38	
1.87	0.53	-19.85	1.33	
2.41	0.67	-19.13	1.31	
2.78	0.86	-18.71	1.40	
2.74	0.90	-17.83	1.47	
2.82	0.86	-16.19	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
3000	31.0	-23.4
4000	33.1	-23.3
5000	34.4	-21.7
6000	34.7	-21.2
7000	35.6	-19.8

cable loss 1 (relay inside	cable loss 2 (inside	cable loss 3 (outside	cable loss 4 (switch unit, atten- uator &	cable loss 5 (to	used for FCC
chamber)	chamber)	chamber)	pre-amp)	receiver)	15.247
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	
0.47	1.87	0.53	-27.58	1.33	
0.56	2.41	0.67	-28.23	1.31	
0.61	2.78	0.86	-27.35	1.40	
0.58	2.74	0.90	-26.89	1.47	
0.66	2.82	0.86	-25.58	1.46	

Frequency	AF R&S HF907	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
7000	35.6	-57.3
8000	36.3	-56.3
9000	37.1	-55.3
10000	37.5	-56.2
11000	37.5	-55.3
12000	37.6	-53.7
13000	38.2	-53.5
14000	39.9	-56.3
15000	40.9	-54.1
16000	41.3	-54.1
17000	42.8	-54.4
18000	44.2	-54.7

cable					
loss 1	cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
(relay	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5	loss 6
inside	(High	(pre-	(inside	(outside	(to
chamber)	Pass)	amp)	chamber)	chamber)	receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.56	1.28	-62.72	2.66	0.94	1.46
0.69	0.71	-61.49	2.84	1.00	1.53
0.68	0.65	-60.80	3.06	1.09	1.60
0.70	0.54	-61.91	3.28	1.20	1.67
0.80	0.61	-61.40	3.43	1.27	1.70
0.84	0.42	-59.70	3.53	1.26	1.73
0.83	0.44	-59.81	3.75	1.32	1.83
0.91	0.53	-63.03	3.91	1.40	1.77
0.98	0.54	-61.05	4.02	1.44	1.83
1.23	0.49	-61.51	4.17	1.51	1.85
1.36	0.76	-62.36	4.34	1.53	2.00
1.70	0.53	-62.88	4.41	1.55	1.91

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



7.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ - 26.5 GHZ)

	AF EMCO	_
Frequency	3160-09	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
18000	40.2	-23.5
18500	40.2	-23.2
19000	40.2	-22.0
19500	40.3	-21.3
20000	40.3	-20.3
20500	40.3	-19.9
21000	40.3	-19.1
21500	40.3	-19.1
22000	40.3	-18.7
22500	40.4	-19.0
23000	40.4	-19.5
23500	40.4	-19.3
24000	40.4	-19.8
24500	40.4	-19.5
25000	40.4	-19.3
25500	40.5	-20.4
26000	40.5	-21.3
26500	40.5	-21.1

cable	cable	cable	cable	cable
loss 1	loss 2	loss 3	loss 4	loss 5
(inside	(pre-	(inside	(switch	(to
chamber)	amp)	chamber)	unit)	receiver)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB
0.72	-35.85	6.20	2.81	2.65
0.69	-35.71	6.46	2.76	2.59
0.76	-35.44	6.69	3.15	2.79
0.74	-35.07	7.04	3.11	2.91
0.72	-34.49	7.30	3.07	3.05
0.78	-34.46	7.48	3.12	3.15
0.87	-34.07	7.61	3.20	3.33
0.90	-33.96	7.47	3.28	3.19
0.89	-33.57	7.34	3.35	3.28
0.87	-33.66	7.06	3.75	2.94
0.88	-33.75	6.92	3.77	2.70
0.90	-33.35	6.99	3.52	2.66
0.88	-33.99	6.88	3.88	2.58
0.91	-33.89	7.01	3.93	2.51
0.88	-33.00	6.72	3.96	2.14
0.89	-34.07	6.90	3.66	2.22
0.86	-35.11	7.02	3.69	2.28
0.90	-35.20	7.15	3.91	2.36
		-		

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable) Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



7.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ - 40 GHZ)

Eroguanav	AF EMCO 3160-10	Corr.
Frequency		
GHz	dB (1/m)	dB
26.5	43.4	-11.2
27.0	43.4	-11.2
28.0	43.4	-11.1
29.0	43.5	-11.0
30.0	43.5	-10.9
31.0	43.5	-10.8
32.0	43.5	-10.7
33.0	43.6	-10.7
34.0	43.6	-10.6
35.0	43.6	-10.5
36.0	43.6	-10.4
37.0	43.7	-10.3
38.0	43.7	-10.2
39.0	43.7	-10.2
40.0	43.8	-10.1

cable loss 1 (inside chamber)	cable loss 2 (outside chamber)	cable loss 3 (switch unit)	cable loss 4 (to receiver)	distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade)	d _{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)	d _{used} (meas. distance (used)
dB	dB	dB	dB	dB	m	m
4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
4.4				-9.5	3	1.0
4.5				-9.5	3	1.0
4.6				-9.5	3	1.0
4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
4.7				-9.5	3	1.0
4.8				-9.5	3	1.0
4.9				-9.5	3	1.0
5.0				-9.5	3	1.0
5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
5.1				-9.5	3	1.0
5.2				-9.5	3	1.0
5.3				-9.5	3	1.0
5.4				-9.5	3	1.0
5.5				-9.5	3	1.0

Sample calculation

E (dB μ V/m) = U (dB μ V) + AF (dB 1/m) + Corr. (dB)

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = -20 * LOG (d_{Limit}/d_{used})

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

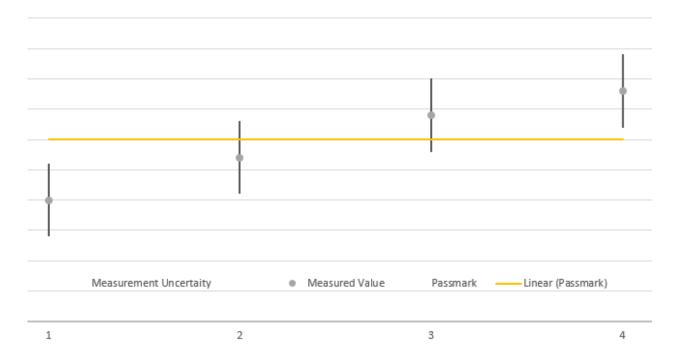
Table shows an extract of values.



8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Test Case	Parameter	Uncertainty
AC Power Line	Power	± 3.4 dB
Field Strength of spurious radiation	Power	± 5.5 dB
6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth	Power Frequency	± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Conducted Output Power	Power	± 2.2 dB
Band Edge Compliance	Power Frequency	± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz
Frequency Stability	Frequency	± 25 Hz
Power Spectral Density	Power	± 2.2 dB

The measurement uncertainties for all parameters are calculated with an expansion factor (coverage factor) k = 1.96. This means, that the true value is in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %.



The verdicts in this test report are given according the above diagram:

Case	Measured Value	Uncertainty Range	Verdict
1	below pass mark	below pass mark	Passed
2	below pass mark	within pass mark	Passed
3	above pass mark	within pass mark	Failed
4	above pass mark	above pass mark	Failed

That means, the laboratory applies, as decision rule (see ISO/IEC 17025:2017), the so called shared risk principle.



9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.