











Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) Test Report

FCC Part15 Subpart E

Product Name: AC450 Wireless Nano USB Adapter

Model No. : Archer T1U

FCC ID : TE7T1UV1

Applicant: TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.

Address: Building 24(floors1,3,4,5) and 28(floors1-4)

Central Science and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

Date of Receipt: Mar. 14th, 2017

Test Date : Mar. 14th, 2017~ Jun. 30th, 2017

Issued Date : Jul. 25th, 2017

Report No. : 1732062R-RF-FCC-DFS

Report Version: V1.0

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

The test results shown in the test report are traceable to the national/international standard through the calibration of the equipment and evaluated measurement uncertainty herein.

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Applicant : TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.

Address : Building 24 (floors 1,3,4,5) and 28 (floors1-4) Central Science

and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

Manufacturer : TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.

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and Technology Park, Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China

FCC ID TE7T1UV1

Model No. : Archer T1U

Brand Name tp-link
EUT Voltage : DC 5V

Applicable Standard : FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E

KDB 905462 D02 v02 KDB 905462 D03 v01r02

Test Result : Pass

Reviewed By

Performed Location : DEKRA Testing and Certification (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.

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Jiangsu, China

TEL: +86-512-6251-5088 / FAX: +86-512-6251-5098

FCC Registration Number: 800392;

(5470~5725MHz) Slaver device with radar detection function

Documented By :

(Adm. Specialist: Kathy Feng)

T))

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Approved By : Harry Was

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. EUT Description

Product Name	AC450 Wireless Nano USB Adapter		
Applicant	TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd.		
A ddmaga	Building 24(floors1,3,4,5) and 28(floors1-4) Central Science and Technology Park,		
Address	Shennan Rd, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China		
FCC ID.	TE7T1UV1		
Model No.	Archer T1U		
DFS Frequency Range	5250-5350 MHz; 5470-5725MHz		
	For 5260-5320 MHz		
	802.11a/n/ac-20 MHz: 4		
	802.11n/ac-40 MHz: 2		
Number of Channels	802.11ac-80 MHz: 1		
Number of Chaimers	For 5500-5700MHz		
	802.11a/n/ac-20 MHz: 11		
	802.11n/ac-40 MHz: 5		
	802.11ac-80 MHz: 3		
Data Rate	802.11a:6-54Mbps		
	802.11n: up to 300Mbps		
	802.11ac: up to 866.6Gbps		
Channel Control	Auto		
Type of Modulation	802.11a/n/ac: OFDM		
Antenna type	PIFA Antenna		
Peak Antenna Gain 2dBi @ 5GHz			
Master			
Product Name	Cisco Aironet IOS Access Point		
Model No.	AIR-AP1252AG-A-K9		

802.11a/n/ac-20MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 52:	5260 MHz	Channel 56:	5280 MHz	Channel 60:	5300 MHz	Channel 64	5320 MHz
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 100:	5500 MHz	Channel 104:	5520 MHz	Channel 108:	5540 MHz	Channel 112:	5560 MHz
Channel 116:	5580 MHz	Channel 120:	5600 MHz	Channel 124:	5620 MHz	Channel 128:	5640 MHz
Channel 132:	5660 MHz	Channel 136:	5680 MHz	Channel 140:	5700 MHz	N/A	N/A



802.11n/ac-40MHz Cer	iter Working Frequence	v of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 54:	5270 MHz	Channel 62:	5310 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 102:	5510 MHz	Channel 110:	5550 MHz	Channel 118:	5590 MHz	Channel 126:	5630 MHz
Channel 134:	5670 MHz						

802.11ac-80MHz Center Working Frequency of Each Channel:

Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 42:	5210 MHz	Channel 58:	5290 MHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
Channel 106:	5530 MHz	Channel 122:	5610 MHz	Channel 138:	5690 MHz	N/A	N/A



1.2. Standard Requirement

FCC Part 15.407:

U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an E.I.R.P. of less than 500mW.

1.3. UNII Device Description

The UUT operates in the following band: 5250-5350 MHz,5470-5725 MHz

The UUT is a Client Device that does not have radar detection capability and ad-hoc function. The highest gain antenna assembly utilized with the EUT has a maximum gain of 2dBi in 5GHz frequency band. The 50-ohm Tx/Rx antenna port is connected to the test system to perform conducted tests. TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500mW (27dBm).

The UUT utilizes 802.11a/n IP based architecture. Three nominal channel bandwidths, 20 MHz, 40MHz and 80MHz are implemented.

WLAN traffic is generated by streaming the video file "TestFile.mp2" from the Master device to the Slave device in full motion video mode using the "Nero Show Time 3" with the V3.0.1.3 Codec package.

The master device is a Cisco 802.11a/b/g/n Access Point. The Cisco Access Point FCC ID: TE7T1UV1.

The UUT is a client device without radar detection therefore the interference threshold level is not required.

Statement: Information regarding the parameters of the detected Radar Waveforms is not available to the end user.



1.4. Test Equipment

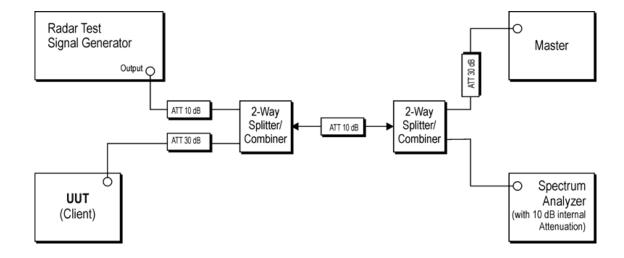
Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS) / TR-8

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY48030494	2018.05.12
Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49070163	2018.03.28

Instrument	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No
Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2)	Mini-Circuits	ZAPD-50W 4.2-6.0 GHz	NN256400424
Splitter/Combiner (Qty: 2)	MCLI	PS3-7	4463/4464
ATT (Qty: 1)	Mini-Circuits	VAT-30+	30912
Laptop PC	Asus	N80V	8BN0AS226971468
RF Cable (Qty: 6)	Mini-Circuits	N/A	DFS-1~6

Software	Manufacturer	Function
Pulse Building	Agilent	Radar Signal Generation Software
DFS Tool	Agilent	DFS Test Software

1.5. Test Setup





DFS Set-up Photo: Slave and Spectrum Analyzer



1.6. Limits

According to §15.407(h), 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v01 and FCC 14-30 APPENDIX "COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION".

Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

	Operational Mode				
Requirement	Mastan	Client (without radar	Client (with modern data at an)		
	Master	detection)	Client (with radar detection)		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not Required	Yes		
DFS Detection	X 7	N-4 D J	Vac		
Threshold	Yes	Not Required	Yes		
Channel Availability	37	N A D	N. D 1		
Check Time	Yes	Not Required	Not Required		
U-NII Detection	***	N (P)	V		
Bandwidth	Yes	Not Required	Yes		

Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master or Client (with radar	Client (without radar detection)		
	detection)	Chefit (without radar detection)		
DFS Detection	Yes	Not Doggived		
Threshold	ies	Not Required		
Channel Closing	Yes	Yes		
Transmission Time	ies	ies		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection	Yes	Not required		
Bandwidth	ies	Not required		



Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client with Radar Detection	Client (without radar detection)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required

Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20 MHz channel blocks and a null frequencies between the bonded 20 MHz channel blocks.



DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see note)	
EIRP 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm	
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density <	-62 dBm	
10 dBm/MHz		
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power	(2 dB	
spectral density requirement	-62 dBm	

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

DFS Response requirement values

Parameter Parameter	Value		
Non-Occupancy Period	Minimum 30 minutes		
Channel Availability Check Time	60 Seconds		
	10 Seconds		
Channel Move Time	(See Note1)		
	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	over remaining 10 second period.		
	(See Notes 1 and 2)		
WANTE OF BUILD	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	power bandwidth. See Note 3.		

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.



Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Table 5 - Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Number of Pulses	Minimum	Minimum
Type	Width	(µsec)		Percentage of	Number
	(µsec)			Successful	of
				Detection	Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note
					1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique	[(1)]	60%	30
		PRI values	360		
		randomly selected	Rounding		
		from the list of 23	19·10 ⁶		
		PRI values in	PRI _{µsec}		
		Table 5a	((- µwc))		
		Test B: 15 unique			
		PRI values			
		randomly selected			
		within the range			
		of 518-3066			
		μ sec, with a			
		minimum			
		increment of 1			
		μ sec,			
		excluding PRI			
		values			
		selected in			
		Test A			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate	(Radar Types	1-4)		80%	120
Mate 1, Ch.	out Dulos D	Jan Tuna A abaul	I be used for the d	otootion bond	mi deb

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

A minimum of 30 unique waveforms are required for each of the Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Types 2 through 4, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms. If more than 30 waveforms are used for Short Pulse Radar Type 1, then each additional waveform is generated with Test B and must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms in Tests A or B.

For example if in Short Pulse Radar Type 1 Test B a PRI of 3066 usec is selected, the number of

pulses would be = Roundup
$$\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{360} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{19 \cdot 10^6}{3066} \right) \right\} = \text{Roundup} \left\{ 17.2 \right\} = 18.$$



Table 5a - Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A

Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)
1	1930. 5	518
2	1858. 7	538
3	1792. 1	558
4	1730. 1	578
5	1672. 2	598
6	1618. 1	618
7	1567. 4	638
8	1519.8	658
9	1474. 9	678
10	1432. 7	698
11	1392. 8	718
12	1355	738
13	1319. 3	758
14	1285. 3	778
15	1253. 1	798
16	1222. 5	818
17	1193. 3	838
18	1165. 6	858
19	1139	878
20	1113.6	898
21	1089. 3	918
22	1066. 1	938
23	326. 2	3066

The aggregate is the average of the percentage of successful detections of Short Pulse Radar Types 1-4.

Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

Radar Waveform	Bursts	Pulses Per Burst	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	80%	30

The parameters for this waveform are randomly chosen. Thirty unique waveforms are required for the long pulse radar test signal. If more than 30 waveforms are used for the long pulse radar test signal, then each additional waveform must also be unique and not repeated from the previous waveforms.

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Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

Radar	Pulse	PRI	Hopping	Pulses Per	Hopping	Minimum	Minimum
Waveform	Width	(µsec)	Sequence	Нор	Rate (kHz)	Percentage	Trials
	$(\mu \sec)$		Length			of	
			(msec)			Successful	
						Detection	
6	1	333	300	9	.333	70%	30

For the Frequency Hopping Radar Type, the same *Burst* parameters are used for each waveform. The hopping sequence is different for each waveform and a 100-length segment is selected from the hopping sequence defined by the following algorithm:

The first frequency in a hopping sequence is selected randomly from the group of 475 integer frequencies from 5250 – 5724 MHz. Next, the frequency that was just chosen is removed from the group and a frequency is randomly selected from the remaining 474 frequencies in the group. This process continues until all 475 frequencies are chosen for the set. For selection of a random frequency, the frequencies remaining within the group are always treated as equally likely.



1.7. Client Device requreiment

- a) A Client Device will not transmit before having received appropriate control signals from a Master Device.
- b) A Client Device will stop all its transmissions whenever instructed by a Master Device to which it is associated and will meet the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements. The Client Device will not resume any transmissions until it has again received control signals from a Master Device.
- c) If a Client Device is performing In-Service Monitoring and detects a Radar Waveform above the DFS Detection Threshold, it will inform the Master Device. This is equivalent to the Master Device detecting the Radar Waveform and d) through f) of section 5.1.1 apply.
- d) Irrespective of Client Device or Master Device detection the Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time requirements remain the same.
- e) The client test frequency must be monitored to ensure no transmission of any type has occurred for 30 minutes. Note: If the client moves with the master, the device is considered compliant if nothing appears in the client non-occupancy period test. For devices that shut down (rather than moving channels), no beacons should appear.

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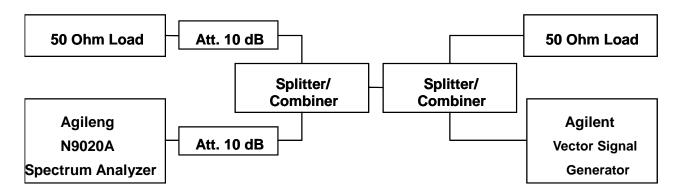


1.8. Radar Waveform Calibration

The following equipment setup was used to calibrate the conducted radar waveform. A spectrum analyzer was used to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50ohm terminal from master and client device and no transmissions by either the master or client device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (time domain) at the frequency of the radar waveform generator. Peak detection was utilized. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to 3MHz and 3 MHz.

The signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was -61dBm due to the interference threshold level is not required.

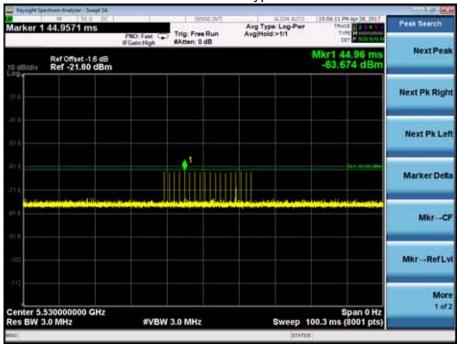
Conducted Calibration Setup



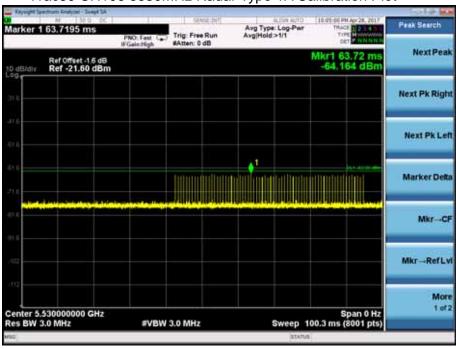


1.9. Radar Waveform Calibration Result

11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 0 Calibration Plot

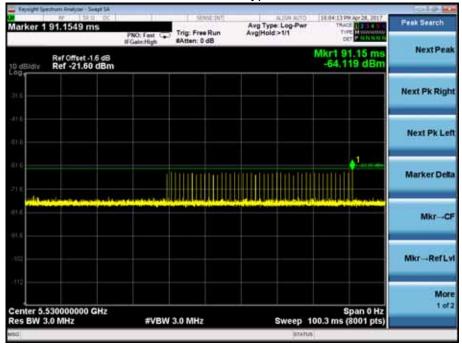


11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 1A Calibration Plot

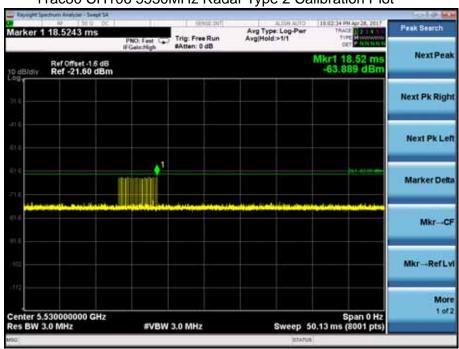




11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 1B Calibration Plot

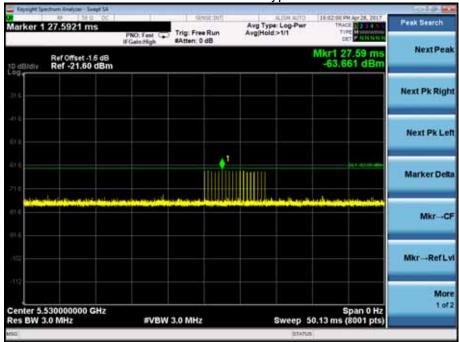


11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 2 Calibration Plot

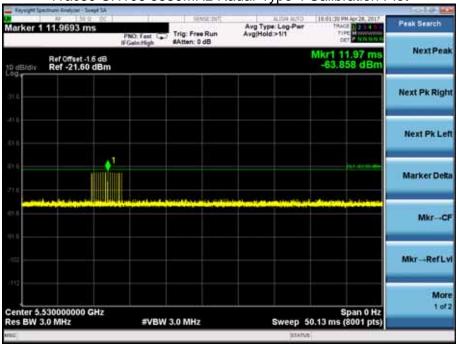




11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 3 Calibration Plot

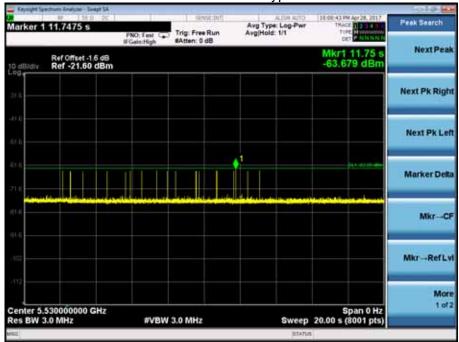


11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 4 Calibration Plot

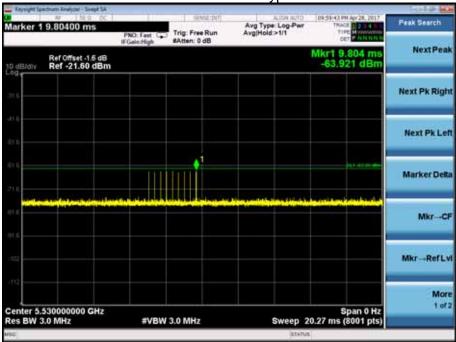




11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 5 Calibration Plot



11ac80 CH106 5530MHz Radar Type 6 Calibration Plot





2. Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

2.1. Test Procedure

These tests define how the following DFS parameters are verified during In-Service Monitoring; Channel Closing Transmission Time and Channel Move Time.

The steps below define the procedure to determine the above mentioned parameters when a radar burst with a level -61dBm is generated on the operating channel of the U-NII device.

A U-NII device operating as a Client device will associate with the Master device at 5500MHz.

During the in-service monitoring detection probability and channel moving tests the system was configured with a streaming video file from the master device (sourced by the PC connected to the master device via an Ethernet interface) to the client device. The streamed file was the "FCC" test file and the client device was using Media Player Classic as required by FCC Part 15 Subpart E.

Observe the transmissions of the EUT at the end of the radar burst on the operating channel for duration greater than 10 seconds. Measure and record the transmissions from the spectrum analyzer during the observation time (Channel Move Time). Compare the channel move time and channel closing transmission time results to the limits defined in the DFS Response requirement values table.

2.2. Test Requirement

Value
10 Seconds
200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 seconds period

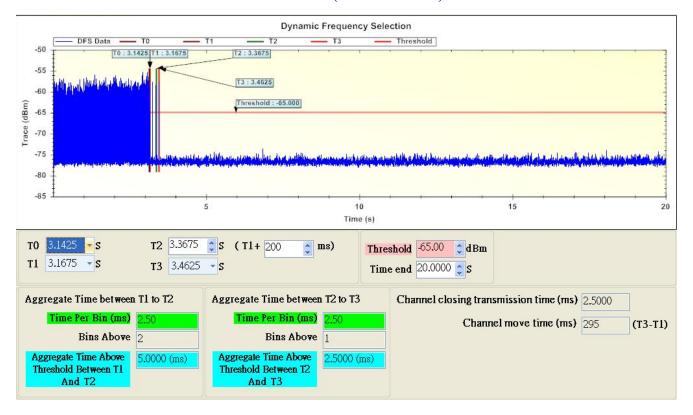
2.3. Uncertainty

± 1ms.



2.4. Test Result of Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

Product : T1U **5530MHz. (802.11ac80MHz)**



Test Item	Limit	Results
Channel Move Time	10 s	Pass
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200ms + an aggregate of 60ms over	Pass
Charmer Closing Transmission Time	remaining 10 second period.	r ass



3. Non-Occupancy Period

3.1. Test Procedur

Measure the EUT for more than 30 minutes following the channel close/move time to verify that the UUT does not resume any transmissions on this channel.

3.2. Test Requirement

Parameter	Value
Non-Occupancy Period	30 Minutes

3.3. Uncertainty

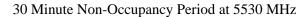
± 1ms.



3.4 Test Result of Non-Occupancy Period

Product : AC450 Wireless Nano USB Adapter

Radar Type: Type 0





Test Item	Limit	Results
Non-Occupancy Period	30 Minutes	Pass

No EUT transmissions were observed on the test channel during 30 minutes observation time.

______ The End _____