RF Exposure Evaluation

Limits

The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in KDB 447498 D01 V06 and 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency range (MHz)	Electric field strength (V/m)	Magnetic field strength (A/m)	Power density (mW/cm²)	Averaging time (minutes)			
(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposures							
0.3–3.0	614	1.63	*(100)	6			
3.0–30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6			
30–300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6			
300–1500			f/300	6			
1500–100,000			5	6			
(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure							
0.3–1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30			
1.34–30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f ²)	30			
30–300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30			
300–1500			f/1500	30			
1500–100,000			1.0	30			

f = frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula: $Pd = (Pout*G)/(4*pi*r^2)$

Where

Pd = power density in mW/cm², **Pout** = output power to antenna in mW;

G = gain of antenna in linear scale, **Pi** = 3.1416;

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

Pd id the limit of MPE, 1 mW/cm². If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance r where the MPE limit is reached.

Test Procedure

Software provided by client enabled the EUT to transmit and receive data at lowest, middle and highest channel individually.

Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

wifi 2.4G mode:

Channel	Output power to antenna (dBm)	Output power to antenna (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Result
802.11b	14.149	25.9956	0.01287	1.0	PASS
802.11g	13.880	24.4343	0.01210	1.0	PASS
802.11n HT20	13.598	22.8981	0.01134	1.0	PASS
802.11n HT40	11.454	13.9765	0.00692	1.0	PASS

Remark: antenna gain=3.96dBi

BT mode:

Channel	Field strength (dBuV/m)	EIRP power (dBm)	Output power to antenna (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm²)	Limit (mW/cm ²)	Result
BLE	84.51	-10.65	0.08610	0.00003	1.0	PASS

Remark: antenna gain=2.42 dBi $EIRP=E_{Meas}+20log(d_{Meas})-104.7$

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power, in dBm

 E_{Meas} is the field strength of the emission at the measurement distance, in dB $\!\mu$ V/m

 d_{Meas} is the measurement distance, in m

wifi 5G mode:

Band	Channel	Output power to antenna (dBm)	Output power to antenna (mW)	Power Density at R=20cm (mW/cm²)	Limit (mW/cm²)	Result
Band 1	802.11a	14.516	28.2879	0.02011	1.0	PASS
	802.11ac HT20	14.581	28.7144	0.02041	1.0	PASS
	802.11ac HT40	14.663	29.2617	0.02080	1.0	PASS
	802.11ac HT80	14.545	28.4774	0.02024	1.0	PASS
	802.11n HT20	14.489	28.1125	0.01998	1.0	PASS
	802.11n HT40	14.437	27.7779	0.01974	1.0	PASS
Band 4	802.11a	14.420	27.6694	0.01967	1.0	PASS
	802.11ac HT20	14.331	27.1082	0.01927	1.0	PASS
	802.11ac HT40	14.125	25.8523	0.01838	1.0	PASS
	802.11ac HT80	14.014	25.2000	0.01791	1.0	PASS
	802.11n HT20	14.321	27.0458	0.01922	1.0	PASS
	802.11n HT40	14.162	26.0735	0.01853	1.0	PASS

Remark: antenna gain=5.53 dBi

For Simultaneous transmitting, 1): The sum of the ratios of the spatially averaged results to the applicable frequency dependent MPE limits =0.01287/1+0.00003/1+0.02080/1+0.01967/1 =0.05337 Since the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneously transmitting antennas incorporated in the device is \leq 1.0, the EUT is considered to satisfy MPE compliance for simultaneous transmission operations.